

UNITED STATES  
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION  
Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended March 31, 2015

or

TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF  
THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the transition period from \_\_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_\_

Commission File Number 1-2256

**EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION**

(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

**NEW JERSEY**  
(State or other jurisdiction of  
incorporation or organization)

**13-5409005**  
(I.R.S. Employer  
Identification Number)

**5959 LAS COLINAS BOULEVARD, IRVING, TEXAS 75039-2298**

(Address of principal executive offices) (Zip Code)

**(972) 444-1000**

(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days. Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant has submitted electronically and posted on its corporate Web site, if any, every Interactive Data File required to be submitted and posted pursuant to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to submit and post such files). Yes  No

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a large accelerated filer, an accelerated filer, a non-accelerated filer, or a smaller reporting company. See the definitions of "large accelerated filer," "accelerated filer" and "smaller reporting company" in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act.

Large accelerated filer	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>
Non-accelerated filer	<input type="checkbox"/>	Smaller reporting company	<input type="checkbox"/>

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is a shell company (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the Exchange Act). Yes  No

Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the latest practicable date.

Class	Outstanding as of March 31, 2015
<u>Common stock, without par value</u>	<u>4,181,108,290</u>

**EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION**  
**FORM 10-Q**  
**FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED MARCH 31, 2015**

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PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Item 1. Financial Statements

EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION  
CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME  
(millions of dollars)

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2015	2014
Revenues and other income		
Sales and other operating revenue (1)	64,758	101,312
Income from equity affiliates	2,261	4,108
Other income	599	905
Total revenues and other income	67,618	106,325
Costs and other deductions		
Crude oil and product purchases	32,698	57,866
Production and manufacturing expenses	8,730	10,088
Selling, general and administrative expenses	2,713	3,132
Depreciation and depletion	4,300	4,192
Exploration expenses, including dry holes	311	317
Interest expense	88	66
Sales-based taxes (1)	5,530	7,416
Other taxes and duties	6,613	8,021
Total costs and other deductions	60,983	91,098
Income before income taxes	6,635	15,227
Income taxes	1,560	5,857
Net income including noncontrolling interests	5,075	9,370
Net income attributable to noncontrolling interests	135	270
Net income attributable to ExxonMobil	4,940	9,100
Earnings per common share (dollars)	1.17	2.10
Earnings per common share - assuming dilution (dollars)	1.17	2.10
Dividends per common share (dollars)	0.69	0.63
(1) Sales-based taxes included in sales and other operating revenue	5,530	7,416

The information in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements is an integral part of these statements.

**EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME**  
*(millions of dollars)*

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2015	2014
Net income including noncontrolling interests	5,075	9,370
Other comprehensive income (net of income taxes)		
Foreign exchange translation adjustment	(5,353)	(786)
Adjustment for foreign exchange translation (gain)/loss included in net income	-	82
Postretirement benefits reserves adjustment (excluding amortization)	813	(84)
Amortization and settlement of postretirement benefits reserves adjustment included in net periodic benefit costs	351	316
Unrealized change in fair value of stock investments	2	(54)
Realized (gain)/loss from stock investments included in net income	8	-
Total other comprehensive income	(4,179)	(526)
Comprehensive income including noncontrolling interests	896	8,844
Comprehensive income attributable to noncontrolling interests	(406)	59
Comprehensive income attributable to ExxonMobil	1,302	8,785

*The information in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements is an integral part of these statements.*

**EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET**  
*(millions of dollars)*

	<b>Mar. 31,</b>	<b>Dec. 31,</b>
	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
<b>Assets</b>		
Current assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	5,184	4,616
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted	43	42
Notes and accounts receivable – net	25,031	28,009
Inventories		
Crude oil, products and merchandise	11,792	12,384
Materials and supplies	4,310	4,294
Other current assets	4,298	3,565
Total current assets	50,658	52,910
Investments, advances and long-term receivables	34,471	35,239
Property, plant and equipment – net	249,497	252,668
Other assets, including intangibles – net	8,335	8,676
Total assets	342,961	349,493
<b>Liabilities</b>		
Current liabilities		
Notes and loans payable	13,277	17,468
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	38,144	42,227
Income taxes payable	4,512	4,938
Total current liabilities	55,933	64,633
Long-term debt	19,494	11,653
Postretirement benefits reserves	24,632	25,802
Deferred income tax liabilities	38,935	39,230
Long-term obligations to equity companies	5,519	5,325
Other long-term obligations	21,002	21,786
Total liabilities	165,515	168,429
Commitments and contingencies (Note 3)		
<b>Equity</b>		
Common stock without par value		
(9,000 million shares authorized, 8,019 million shares issued)	11,006	10,792
Earnings reinvested	410,414	408,384
Accumulated other comprehensive income	(22,595)	(18,957)
Common stock held in treasury		
(3,838 million shares at March 31, 2015 and		
3,818 million shares at December 31, 2014)	(227,598)	(225,820)
ExxonMobil share of equity	171,227	174,399
Noncontrolling interests	6,219	6,665
Total equity	177,446	181,064
Total liabilities and equity	342,961	349,493

*The information in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements is an integral part of these statements.*

**EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS**  
*(millions of dollars)*

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2015	2014
Cash flows from operating activities		
Net income including noncontrolling interests	5,075	9,370
Depreciation and depletion	4,300	4,192
Changes in operational working capital, excluding cash and debt	(509)	2,452
All other items – net	(868)	(911)
Net cash provided by operating activities	7,998	15,103
Cash flows from investing activities		
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(6,844)	(7,328)
Proceeds associated with sales of subsidiaries, property, plant and equipment, and sales and returns of investments	484	1,111
Additional investments and advances	(282)	(457)
Other investing activities – net	290	368
Net cash used in investing activities	(6,352)	(6,306)
Cash flows from financing activities		
Additions to long-term debt	8,000	5,500
Reductions in long-term debt	(10)	-
Additions/(reductions) in short-term debt – net	(157)	(446)
Additions/(reductions) in debt with three months or less maturity	(3,956)	(6,222)
Cash dividends to ExxonMobil shareholders	(2,910)	(2,732)
Cash dividends to noncontrolling interests	(40)	(58)
Common stock acquired	(1,781)	(3,860)
Common stock sold	-	2
Net cash used in financing activities	(854)	(7,816)
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash	(224)	(24)
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	568	957
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	4,616	4,644
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	5,184	5,601
Supplemental Disclosures		
Income taxes paid	1,226	4,145
Cash interest paid	170	87

*The information in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements is an integral part of these statements.*

**EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION**  
**CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY**  
*(millions of dollars)*

	ExxonMobil Share of Equity						Tot Equ
	Common Stock	Earnings Reinvested	Accumulated Other Compre- hensive Income	Common Stock Held in Treasury	ExxonMobil Share of Equity	Non- controlling Interests	
Balance as of December 31, 2013	10,077	387,432	(10,725)	(212,781)	174,003	6,492	1
Amortization of stock-based awards	201	-	-	-	201	-	
Tax benefits related to stock-based awards	3	-	-	-	3	-	
Other	(5)	-	-	-	(5)	-	
Net income for the period	-	9,100	-	-	9,100	270	
Dividends – common shares	-	(2,732)	-	-	(2,732)	(58)	
Other comprehensive income	-	-	(315)	-	(315)	(211)	
Acquisitions, at cost	-	-	-	(3,860)	(3,860)	-	
Dispositions	-	-	-	3	3	-	
Balance as of March 31, 2014	10,276	393,800	(11,040)	(216,638)	176,398	6,493	1
Balance as of December 31, 2014	10,792	408,384	(18,957)	(225,820)	174,399	6,665	1
Amortization of stock-based awards	213	-	-	-	213	-	
Tax benefits related to stock-based awards	3	-	-	-	3	-	
Other	(2)	-	-	-	(2)	-	
Net income for the period	-	4,940	-	-	4,940	135	
Dividends – common shares	-	(2,910)	-	-	(2,910)	(40)	
Other comprehensive income	-	-	(3,638)	-	(3,638)	(541)	
Acquisitions, at cost	-	-	-	(1,781)	(1,781)	-	
Dispositions	-	-	-	3	3	-	
Balance as of March 31, 2015	11,006	410,414	(22,595)	(227,598)	171,227	6,219	1

	Three Months Ended March 31, 2015			Three Months Ended March 31, 2014		
	Issued	Held in Treasury	Outstanding	Issued	Held in Treasury	Outsta
	<i>(millions of shares)</i>			<i>(millions of shares)</i>		
<b>Common Stock Share Activity</b>						
Balance as of December 31	8,019	(3,818)	4,201	8,019	(3,684)	
Acquisitions	-	(20)	(20)	-	(41)	
Dispositions	-	-	-	-	-	
Balance as of March 31	8,019	(3,838)	4,181	8,019	(3,725)	

The information in the Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements is an integral part of these statements.

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Basis of Financial Statement Preparation

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in the context of the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto filed with the Securities Exchange Commission in the Corporation's 2014 Annual Report on Form 10-K. In the opinion of the Corporation, the information furnished herein reflects all known accrual adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the results for the periods reported herein. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. Prior data has been reclassified in certain cases to conform to the current presentation basis.

The Corporation's exploration and production activities are accounted for under the "successful efforts" method.

2. Recently Issued Accounting Standard

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued a new standard, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. The standard establishes a single revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers, eliminates industry specific requirements, and expands disclosure requirements. The standard is required to be adopted beginning January 1, 2017. ExxonMobil is evaluating the standard and its effect on the Corporation's financial statements.

3. Litigation and Other Contingencies

Litigation

A variety of claims have been made against ExxonMobil and certain of its consolidated subsidiaries in a number of pending lawsuits. Management has regular litigation reviews, including updates from corporate and outside counsel, to assess the need for accounting recognition or disclosure of these contingencies. The Corporation accrues an undiscounted liability for those contingencies where the incurrence of a loss is probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. If a range of amounts can be reasonably estimated, the amount within the range is a better estimate than any other amount, then the minimum of the range is accrued. The Corporation does not record liabilities when the likelihood of the liability has been incurred is probable but the amount cannot be reasonably estimated or when the liability is believed to be only reasonably possible or remote. For contingencies where an unfavorable outcome is reasonably possible and which are significant, the Corporation discloses the nature of the contingency and, where feasible, the estimate of the possible loss. For purposes of our contingency disclosures, "significant" includes material matters as well as other matters which management believes should be disclosed. ExxonMobil will continue to defend itself vigorously in these matters. Based on a consideration of all relevant facts and circumstances, the Corporation does not believe the ultimate outcome of any currently pending lawsuit against ExxonMobil will have a material adverse effect upon the Corporation's operations, financial condition, or financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Contingencies

The Corporation and certain of its consolidated subsidiaries were contingently liable at March 31, 2015, for guarantees relating to notes, loans and performance under contracts. Where guarantees for environmental remediation and other similar matters do not include a stated cap, the amounts reflect management's estimate of the maximum potential exposure. These guarantees are not reasonably likely to have a material effect on the Corporation's financial condition, changes in financial condition, revenues or expenses, or operations, liquidity, capital expenditures or capital resources.

	As of March 31, 2015		Total
	Equity Company Obligations (1)	Other Third Party Obligations	
	<i>(millions of dollars)</i>		
Guarantees			
Debt-related	88	38	126
Other	3,141	3,733	6,874
Total	3,229	3,771	7,000

(1) ExxonMobil share



Additionally, the Corporation and its affiliates have numerous long-term sales and purchase commitments in their various business activities, all of which are expected to be fulfilled with no adverse consequences material to the Corporation's operations or financial condition. The Corporation's outstanding unconditional purchase obligations at December 31, 2015, were similar to those at the prior year-end period. Unconditional purchase obligations as defined by accounting standards are those long-term commitments that are noncancelable or cancelable only under certain conditions, and that third parties have used to secure financing for the facilities that will provide the contracted goods or services.

The operations and earnings of the Corporation and its affiliates throughout the world have been, and may in the future be, affected from time to time in varying degree by political and economic developments and laws and regulations, such as forced divestiture of assets; restrictions on production, imports and exports; price controls; tax increases and retroactive tax increases; expropriation of property; cancellation of contract rights and environmental regulations. Both the likelihood of such occurrences and their overall effect upon the Corporation's operations vary greatly from country to country and are not predictable.

In accordance with a nationalization decree issued by Venezuela's president in February 2007, by May 1, 2007, a subsidiary of the Venezuelan National Oil Company (PDVSA) assumed the operatorship of the Cerro Negro Heavy Oil Project. This Project had been operated and owned by ExxonMobil affiliates holding a 41.67 percent ownership interest in the Project. The decree also required conversion of the Cerro Negro Project into a "mixed enterprise" and an increase in PDVSA's or one of its affiliate's ownership interest in the Project, with the stipulation that if ExxonMobil refused to accept the terms for the formation of the mixed enterprise within a specified period of time, the government would "directly assume the activities" carried out by the joint venture. ExxonMobil refused to accede to the terms proffered by the government, and on June 27, 2007, the government expropriated ExxonMobil's 41.67 percent interest in the Cerro Negro Project.

On September 6, 2007, affiliates of ExxonMobil filed a Request for Arbitration with the International Centre for Settlement of Investment Disputes (ICSID). The ICSID Tribunal issued a decision on June 10, 2010, finding that it had jurisdiction to proceed on the basis of the Netherlands-Venezuela Bilateral Investment Treaty. On October 9, 2014, the Tribunal issued its final award finding in favor of the ExxonMobil affiliates and awarding \$1.6 billion as of the date of expropriation, June 27, 2007, and interest from that date at 3.25% compounded annually until the date of payment in full. The Tribunal also noted that one of the Cerro Negro Project agreements provides a mechanism to prevent recovery between the ICSID award and all or part of an earlier award of \$908 million to an ExxonMobil affiliate, Mobil Cerro Negro, Ltd., against PDVSA and a PDVSA affiliate, PDVSA CN, in an arbitration under the rules of the International Chamber of Commerce (ICC).

Judgment was entered on the ICSID award by the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York on October 10, 2014. The Republic of Venezuela filed a motion to vacate that judgment on procedural grounds on October 14, 2014, and later, a motion to modify the judgment by reducing the rate of interest to be paid on the award from the entry of the court's judgment, until the date of payment. The court denied the Republic of Venezuela's two motions on February 13, 2015, and March 4, 2015, respectively. The Republic of Venezuela filed a notice of appeal of the court's actions on the two motions on March 9, 2015.

On October 23, 2014, the Republic of Venezuela filed with ICSID an application to revise the ICSID award such that it requires repayment of the value of the ICSID award to be made at the same time as payment is made to the ExxonMobil affiliates for the ICSID award and that provision be made for interest on the amount to be repaid. Thereafter, pursuant to ICSID arbitration rules, the ICSID award was stayed pending further action of the Tribunal. On October 27, 2014, ExxonMobil filed a response with ICSID that contained an application for revision of that award on both factual and jurisdictional grounds. On February 2, 2015, the Republic of Venezuela filed an application to annul the ICSID award. The application alleges that, in issuing the ICSID award, the Tribunal exceeded its powers, failed to state reasons on which the ICSID award was based, and departed from a fundamental rule of procedure. Upon registration of this application with ICSID on February 9, 2015, a further stay of the ICSID award was entered.

The federal court in New York has stayed its judgment until such time as the stays of the ICSID award entered following the Government of Venezuela's filing of applications have been lifted. The net impact of these matters on the Corporation's consolidated financial results cannot be reasonably estimated. Regardless, the Corporation does not expect the resolution to have a material effect upon the Corporation's operations or financial condition.

An affiliate of ExxonMobil is one of the Contractors under a Production Sharing Contract (PSC) with the Nigerian National Petroleum Corporation (NNPC) covering the block located in the offshore waters of Nigeria. ExxonMobil's affiliate is the operator of the block and owns a 56.25 percent interest under the PSC. The Contractors are in dispute with NNPC regarding NNPC's lifting of crude oil in excess of its entitlement under the terms of the PSC. In accordance with the terms of the PSC, the Contractors initiated arbitration in Abuja, Nigeria, under the Nigerian Arbitration and Conciliation Act. On October 24, 2011, a three-member arbitral Tribunal issued an award upholding the Contractors' position in all material respects and awarding damages to the Contractors jointly in an amount of approximately \$1.8 billion plus \$234 million in accrued interest. The Contractors petitioned a Nigerian federal court for enforcement of the award, and NNPC petitioned the same court to have the award set aside. On May 22, 2012, the court set aside the award. The Contractors have appealed that judgment. In June 2013, the Contractors filed a lawsuit against NNPC in the Nigerian federal high court in order to preserve their ability to seek enforcement of the PSC in the courts if necessary. In October 2014, the Contractors filed suit in the United States District Court for the Southern District of New York to enforce, if necessary, the arbitration award against NNPC assets residing within that jurisdiction. At this time, the net impact of this matter on the Corporation's consolidated financial results cannot be reasonably estimated. However, regardless of the outcome of enforcement proceedings, the Corporation does not expect the proceedings to have a material effect upon the Corporation's operations or financial condition.

#### 4. Other Comprehensive Income Information

<b>ExxonMobil Share of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income</b>	<b>Cumulative Foreign Exchange Translation Adjustment</b>	<b>Post- retirement Benefits Reserves Adjustment</b>	<b>Unrealized Change in Stock Investments</b>	<b>Tota</b>
	<i>(millions of dollars)</i>			
Balance as of December 31, 2013	(846)	(9,879)	-	(
Current period change excluding amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	(555)	(93)	(54)	
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	82	305	-	
Total change in accumulated other comprehensive income	<u>(473)</u>	<u>212</u>	<u>(54)</u>	
Balance as of March 31, 2014	<u>(1,319)</u>	<u>(9,667)</u>	<u>(54)</u>	(
Balance as of December 31, 2014	(5,952)	(12,945)	(60)	(
Current period change excluding amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	(4,784)	796	2	
Amounts reclassified from accumulated other comprehensive income	-	340	8	
Total change in accumulated other comprehensive income	<u>(4,784)</u>	<u>1,136</u>	<u>10</u>	
Balance as of March 31, 2015	<u>(10,736)</u>	<u>(11,809)</u>	<u>(50)</u>	(

#### **Amounts Reclassified Out of Accumulated Other Comprehensive Income - Before-tax Income/(Expense)**

<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
<i>(millions of dollars)</i>	

Foreign exchange translation gain/(loss) included in net income (Statement of Income line: Other income)	-
Amortization and settlement of postretirement benefits reserves adjustment included in net periodic benefit costs (1)	(511)
Realized change in fair value of stock investments included in net income (Statement of Income line: Other income)	(12)

(1) These accumulated other comprehensive income components are included in the computation of net periodic pension cost. (See Note 6 – Pension and Other Postretirement Benefits for additional details.)

#### **Income Tax (Expense)/Credit For Components of Other Comprehensive Income**

<b>Three Months Ended March 31,</b>	
<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
<i>(millions of dollars)</i>	

Foreign exchange translation adjustment	90
Postretirement benefits reserves adjustment (excluding amortization)	(377)
Amortization and settlement of postretirement benefits reserves adjustment included in net periodic benefit costs	(160)
Unrealized change in fair value of stock investments	(1)
Realized change in fair value of stock investments included in net income	(4)
Total	<u>(452)</u>

## 5. Earnings Per Share

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2015	2014
<b>Earnings per common share</b>		
Net income attributable to ExxonMobil ( <i>millions of dollars</i> )	4,940	9,100
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding ( <i>millions of shares</i> )	4,211	4,328
Earnings per common share ( <i>dollars</i> ) (1)	1.17	2.10

(1) The calculation of earnings per common share and earnings per common share – assuming dilution are the same in each period shown.

## 6. Pension and Other Postretirement Benefits

	Three Months Ended	
	March 31,	
	2015	2014
<b>Components of net benefit cost</b>		
Pension Benefits - U.S.		
Service cost		195
Interest cost		196
Expected return on plan assets		(207)
Amortization of actuarial loss/(gain) and prior service cost		138
Net pension enhancement and curtailment/settlement cost		117
Net benefit cost		439
Pension Benefits - Non-U.S.		
Service cost		176
Interest cost		218
Expected return on plan assets		(278)
Amortization of actuarial loss/(gain) and prior service cost		211
Net benefit cost		327
Other Postretirement Benefits		
Service cost		37
Interest cost		90
Expected return on plan assets		(7)
Amortization of actuarial loss/(gain) and prior service cost		45
Net benefit cost		165

## 7. Financial Instruments

The fair value of financial instruments is determined by reference to observable market data and other valuation techniques as appropriate. The only category of financial instruments where the difference between fair value and recorded book value is notable is long-term debt. The estimated fair value of total long-term debt, excluding capital lease obligations, was \$19,735 million at March 31, 2015, and \$11,660 million at December 31, 2014, as compared to recorded book values of \$19,155 million at March 31, 2015, and \$11,278 million at December 31, 2014. The increase in the estimated fair value and book value of long-term debt reflects the Corporation's issuance of \$8.0 billion of long-term debt in the first quarter of 2015. The \$8.0 billion of long-term debt is comprised of \$500 million of floating-rate notes due in 2018, \$500 million of floating-rate notes due in 2022, \$1,600 million of 1.305% notes due in 2018, \$1,500 million of 1.912% notes due in 2020, \$1,150 million of 2.397% notes due in 2022, \$1,750 million of 2.709% notes due in 2025, and \$1,000 million of 3.567% notes due in 2045.

The fair value of long-term debt by hierarchy level at March 31, 2015, is: Level 1 \$19,226 million; Level 2 \$446 million; and Level 3 \$63 million. Level 1 represents quoted prices in active markets. Level 2 includes debt whose fair value is based upon a publicly available index. Level 3 involves using internal data augmented by relevant market indicators.

## 8. Disclosures about Segments and Related Information

	Three Months Ended	
	2015	2014
	March 31,	
	(millions of dollars)	
<b>Earnings After Income Tax</b>		
Upstream		
United States		(52)
Non-U.S.	2,907	
Downstream		
United States		567
Non-U.S.	1,100	
Chemical		
United States		605
Non-U.S.		377
All other		(564)
Corporate total	4,940	
<b>Sales and Other Operating Revenue (1)</b>		
Upstream		
United States		2,125
Non-U.S.	4,122	
Downstream		
United States		18,389
Non-U.S.	33,162	
Chemical		
United States		2,792
Non-U.S.	4,166	
All other		2
Corporate total	64,758	1
<i>(1) Includes sales-based taxes</i>		
<b>Intersegment Revenue</b>		
Upstream		
United States		1,180
Non-U.S.	4,857	
Downstream		
United States		3,076
Non-U.S.	5,273	
Chemical		
United States		1,773
Non-U.S.	1,321	
All other		68

EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

FUNCTIONAL EARNINGS SUMMARY

	First Three Months	
	2015	2014
	(millions of dollars)	
<b>Earnings (U.S. GAAP)</b>		
Upstream		
United States	(52)	
Non-U.S.	2,907	
Downstream		
United States	567	
Non-U.S.	1,100	
Chemical		
United States	605	
Non-U.S.	377	
Corporate and financing	(564)	
Net Income attributable to ExxonMobil	4,940	
Earnings per common share (dollars)	1.17	
Earnings per common share - assuming dilution (dollars)	1.17	

References in this discussion to corporate earnings mean net income attributable to ExxonMobil (U.S. GAAP) from the consolidated income statement. Unless otherwise indicated, references to earnings, Upstream, Downstream, Chemical and Corporate and Financing segment earnings, and earnings per share are ExxonMobil's share after excluding amounts attributable to noncontrolling interests.

REVIEW OF FIRST QUARTER 2015 RESULTS

ExxonMobil's first quarter 2015 earnings of \$4.9 billion, or \$1.17 per diluted share, demonstrate the value of the Company's integrated businesses in a lower commodity environment. Regardless of current market conditions, the Company remains focused on business fundamentals and competitive advantages that create long-term shareholder value.

	First Three Months	
	2015	2014
	(millions of dollars)	
<b>Upstream earnings</b>		
United States	(52)	
Non-U.S.	2,907	
Total	2,855	

Upstream earnings were \$2,855 million in the first three months of 2015, down \$4,928 million from the first quarter of 2014. Lower liquids and gas realizations decreased earnings by \$5.5 billion. Higher volumes and mix effects increased earnings by \$340 million, reflecting growth from new developments. All other items, including favorable tax effects, increased earnings by \$250 million.

On an oil-equivalent basis, production increased 2.3 percent from the first quarter of 2014. Liquids production totaled 2.3 million barrels per day, up 129,000 barrels per day from 2014. Natural gas production was 11.8 billion cubic feet per day, down 188 million cubic feet per day from 2014. Project ramp-up and entitlement effects were partly offset by decline and maintenance activities.

The U.S. Upstream operations recorded a loss of \$52 million, down \$1,296 million from the first quarter of 2014. Non-U.S. Upstream earnings were \$2,907 million, down \$3,632 million from the prior year.

**Upstream additional information****Volumes reconciliation** (Oil-equivalent production) (1)

2014		4,151
Entitlements - Net Interest		(35)
Entitlements - Price / Spend / Other		176
Quotas		-
Divestments		(38)
Growth / Other		(6)
2015		<u>4,248</u>

(1) Gas converted to oil-equivalent at 6 million cubic feet = 1 thousand barrels.

Listed below are descriptions of ExxonMobil's volumes reconciliation factors which are provided to facilitate understanding of the terms.

*Entitlements - Net Interest* are changes to ExxonMobil's share of production volumes caused by non-operational changes to volume-determining factors. These factors consist of interest changes specified in Production Sharing Contracts (PSCs) which typically occur when cumulative investment returns or production volumes achieve defined thresholds. Changes in equity upon achieving pay-out in partner investment carry situations, equity redeterminations as specified in venture agreements, or as a result of the termination or expiry of a concession. Once a net interest change has occurred, it typically will not be reversed by subsequent events, such as lower crude oil prices.

*Entitlements - Price, Spend and Other* are changes to ExxonMobil's share of production volumes resulting from temporary changes to non-operational volume-determining factors. These factors include changes in oil and gas prices or spending levels from one period to another. According to the terms of contractual arrangements or government regulatory regimes, price or spending variability can increase or decrease royalty burdens and/or volumes attributable to ExxonMobil. For example, at higher prices, fewer barrels are required for ExxonMobil to recover its costs. These effects generally vary from period to period with field spending patterns or market prices for oil and natural gas. Such factors also include other temporary changes in net interest as dictated by specific provisions in production agreements.

*Quotas* are changes in ExxonMobil's allowable production arising from production constraints imposed by countries which are members of the Organization of the Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC). Volumes reported in this category would have been readily producible in the absence of the quota.

*Divestments* are reductions in ExxonMobil's production arising from commercial arrangements to fully or partially reduce equity in a field or asset in exchange for financial or other economic consideration.

*Growth and Other* factors comprise all other operational and non-operational factors not covered by the above definitions that may affect volumes attributable to ExxonMobil. Factors include, but are not limited to, production enhancements from project and work program activities, acquisitions including additions from asset exchanges, downtime, demand, natural field decline, and any fiscal or commercial terms that do not affect entitlements.

	<b>First Three Months</b>	
	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
	<i>(millions of dollars)</i>	
<b><u>Downstream earnings</u></b>		
United States	567	
Non-U.S.	1,100	
Total	<u>1,667</u>	

Downstream earnings were \$1,667 million for the first three months of 2015, up \$854 million from the first quarter of 2014. Stronger margins increased earnings by \$110 million. Volume and mix effects increased earnings by \$70 million. All other items, primarily higher maintenance expense, decreased earnings by \$260 million. Petroleum product sales of 5.8 million barrels per day were flat with the prior year's first quarter.

Earnings from the U.S. Downstream were \$567 million, down \$56 million from the first quarter of 2014. Non-U.S. Downstream earnings of \$1,100 million were \$910 million higher than last year.

	<b>First Three Months</b>	
	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
	<i>(millions of dollars)</i>	
<b><u>Chemical earnings</u></b>		
United States	605	
Non-U.S.	377	
Total	<u>982</u>	

Chemical earnings of \$982 million for the first three months of 2015 were \$65 million lower than the first quarter of 2014. Improved margins increased earnings by \$240 million. Favorable volume mix effects increased earnings by \$30 million. All other items, primarily unfavorable foreign exchange effects, decreased earnings by \$340 million. First quarter prime product sales of 6.1 million metric tons were 59,000 metric tons lower than last year's first quarter.

	<b>First Three Months</b>	
	<b>2015</b>	<b>2014</b>
	<i>(millions of dollars)</i>	
<b><u>Corporate and financing earnings</u></b>		
		(564)

Corporate and financing expenses were \$564 million for the first three months of 2015, essentially flat with the first quarter of 2014.



## LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

	First Three Months	
	2015	2014
	<i>(millions of dollars)</i>	
Net cash provided by/(used in)		
Operating activities	7,998	
Investing activities	(6,352)	
Financing activities	(854)	
Effect of exchange rate changes	(224)	
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	<u>568</u>	
Cash and cash equivalents (at end of period)	5,184	
Cash and cash equivalents – restricted (at end of period)	43	
Total cash and cash equivalents (at end of period)	<u>5,227</u>	
Cash flow from operations and asset sales		
Net cash provided by operating activities (U.S. GAAP)	7,998	
Proceeds associated with sales of subsidiaries, property, plant & equipment, and sales and returns of investments	<u>484</u>	
Cash flow from operations and asset sales	<u>8,482</u>	

*Because of the ongoing nature of our asset management and divestment program, we believe it is useful for investors to consider proceeds associated with asset sales together with cash provided by operating activities when evaluating cash available for investment in the business and financing activities, including shareholder distributions.*

Cash provided by operating activities totaled \$8.0 billion for the first three months of 2015, \$7.1 billion lower than 2014. The major source of funds was net income in noncontrolling interests of \$5.1 billion, a decrease of \$4.3 billion from the prior year period. The adjustment for the noncash provision of \$4.3 billion for depreciation and depletion increased by \$0.1 billion. Changes in operational working capital decreased cash flows by \$0.5 billion in 2015, primarily due to lower payables. Changes in operational working capital added \$2.5 billion to cash flow in 2014, primarily due to higher payables. All other items net decreased cash by \$0.9 billion in both periods. For additional details, see Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows on page 6.

Investing activities for the first three months of 2015 used net cash of \$6.4 billion, an increase of nearly \$0.1 billion compared to the prior year. Spending for additions to property, plant and equipment of \$6.8 billion was \$0.5 billion lower than 2014. Proceeds from asset sales of \$0.5 billion decreased \$0.6 billion. Additional investment and acquisitions decreased \$0.2 billion to \$0.3 billion. Other investing activities – net decreased \$0.1 billion to \$0.3 billion.

Cash flow from operations and asset sales in the first quarter of 2015 was \$8.5 billion, including asset sales of \$0.5 billion, and decreased \$7.7 billion from the comparable period primarily due to lower earnings and working capital changes.

During the first quarter of 2015, the Corporation issued \$8.0 billion of long-term debt and used part of the proceeds to reduce short-term debt. Net cash used in financing activities of \$0.9 billion in the first three months of 2015 was \$7.0 billion lower than 2014 reflecting the 2015 debt issuance and a lower level of purchases of shares of ExxonMobil in 2015.

During the first quarter of 2015, Exxon Mobil Corporation purchased 20 million shares of its common stock for the treasury at a gross cost of \$1.8 billion. These purchases included \$1 billion to reduce the number of shares outstanding with the balance used to acquire shares in conjunction with the company's benefit plans and programs. Shares outstanding decreased from 4,201 million at year-end to 4,181 million at the end of the first quarter 2015. Purchases may be made in both the open market and through negotiated transactions and may be increased, decreased or discontinued at any time without prior notice.

The Corporation distributed to shareholders a total of \$3.9 billion in the first quarter of 2015 through dividends and share purchases to reduce shares outstanding.

Total cash and cash equivalents of \$5.2 billion at the end of the first quarter of 2015 compared to \$5.8 billion at the end of the first quarter of 2014.

Total debt of \$32.8 billion compared to \$29.1 billion at year-end 2014. The Corporation's debt to total capital ratio was 15.6 percent at the end of the first quarter of 2015 compared to 13.9 percent at year-end 2014.

The Corporation has access to significant capacity of long-term and short-term liquidity. Internally generated funds are expected to cover the majority of financial requirements supplemented by long-term and short-term debt.

The Corporation, as part of its ongoing asset management program, continues to evaluate its mix of assets for potential upgrade. Because of the ongoing nature of this program, dispositions will continue to be made from time to time which will result in either gains or losses. Additionally, the Corporation continues to evaluate opportunities to enhance its business portfolio through acquisitions of assets or companies, and enters into such transactions from time to time. Key criteria for evaluating acquisitions include potential for future growth and attractive current valuations. Acquisitions may be made with cash, shares of the Corporation's common stock, or both.

Litigation and other contingencies are discussed in Note 3 to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements.

## TAXES

	First Three Months	
	2015	2014
	<i>(millions of dollars)</i>	
Income taxes	1,560	5,857
<i>Effective income tax rate</i>	33 %	45 %
Sales-based taxes	5,530	7,416
All other taxes and duties	7,274	8,857
Total	14,364	22,130

Income, sales-based and all other taxes and duties totaled \$14.4 billion for the first quarter of 2015, a decrease of \$7.8 billion from 2014. Income tax expense decreased \$4.3 billion to \$1.6 billion reflecting lower pre-tax income and a lower effective tax rate. The effective income tax rate was 33 percent compared to 45 percent in the prior year due primarily to a lower share of earnings in higher tax jurisdictions. Sales-based taxes and all other taxes and duties decreased by \$3.5 billion to \$12.8 billion as a result of sales realizations.

## CAPITAL AND EXPLORATION EXPENDITURES

	First Three Months	
	2015	2014
	<i>(millions of dollars)</i>	
Upstream (including exploration expenses)	6,417	7,264
Downstream	621	540
Chemical	654	630
Other	12	2
Total	7,704	8,436

Capital and exploration expenditures in the first quarter of 2015 were \$7.7 billion, down 9 percent from the first quarter of 2014, in line with plan. The Corporation anticipates an average investment profile of about \$34 billion per year for the next few years. Actual spending could vary depending on the progress of individual projects and new acquisitions.

In 2014, the European Union and United States imposed sanctions relating to the Russian energy sector. ExxonMobil continues to comply with all sanctions and regulatory requirements applicable to its affiliates' investments in the Russian Federation.

## RECENTLY ISSUED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS

In May 2014, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued a new standard, *Revenue from Contracts with Customers*. The standard establishes a single revenue recognition model for all contracts with customers, eliminates industry specific requirements and expands disclosure requirements. The standard is required to be adopted beginning January 1, 2017. ExxonMobil is evaluating the standard and its effect on the Corporation's financial statements.

## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements relating to future plans, projections, events or conditions are forward-looking statements. Actual results, including project plans, costs, timing, and capacities; capital expenditures; resource recoveries; and share purchase levels, could differ materially due to factors including: changes in oil or gas prices or other market or economic conditions affecting the oil and gas industry, including the scope and duration of economic recessions; the outcome of exploration and development efforts; changes in government regulation, including tax and environmental requirements; the outcome of commercial negotiations; changes in technical or operating conditions; and other factors discussed under the heading "Factors Affecting Future Results" in the "Investors" section of our website and in Item 1A of ExxonMobil's 2014 Form 10-K. We assume no responsibility to update these statements as of any future date.

The term "project" as used in this report can refer to a variety of different activities and does not necessarily have the same meaning as in any government payment transparency reports.

### Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Information about market risks for the three months ended March 31, 2015, does not differ materially from that discussed under Item 7A of the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for 2014.

### Item 4. Controls and Procedures

As indicated in the certifications in Exhibit 31 of this report, the Corporation's Chief Executive Officer, Principal Financial Officer and Principal Accounting Officer have evaluated the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures as of March 31, 2015. Based on that evaluation, these officers have concluded that the Corporation's disclosure controls and procedures are effective in ensuring that information required to be disclosed by the Corporation in the reports that it files or submits under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, is accumulated and communicated to them in a manner that allows for timely decisions regarding required disclosures and are effective in ensuring that such information is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the Securities and Exchange Commission's rules and forms. There were no changes during the Corporation's last fiscal quarter that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

## PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

### Item 1. Legal Proceedings

Regarding the criminal charges filed against XTO Energy Inc. (XTO) by the Pennsylvania Attorney General's Office pertaining to XTO's Marquardt Well Site in Penn To Pennsylvania, reported most recently in the Corporation's 2013 Form 10-K, in pre-trial proceedings on April 14, 2015, the Pennsylvania Court of Common Pleas issued a denying XTO's motion to dismiss the case.

With respect to the enforcement action filed by the United States, on behalf of the United States Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), and the State of Arkansas, on behalf of the Arkansas Department of Environmental Quality, against ExxonMobil Pipeline Company (EMPCo) related to the discharge of crude oil from the Pegasus Pipeline in May Faulkner County, Arkansas, previously reported in the Corporation's Forms 10-Q for the first, second, and third quarters of 2013, and the first and second quarters of 2014 its 2014 Form 10-K, EMPCo has reached an agreement with the United States and the State of Arkansas on a Consent Decree to resolve the matter. The Consent Decree approved by the court, would require EMPCo to pay a civil penalty to the United States of \$3.19 million and to pay the State of Arkansas \$1.88 million consisting of a \$1 million civil penalty, \$600,000 towards a supplemental environmental project, and \$280,000 to reimburse expenses of the Arkansas Attorney General's Office. In addition, the Consent Decree would require EMPCo to conduct enhanced training, stage additional spill response equipment, and enhance integrity treatment of the pipeline. The Consent Decree was lodged with the court on April 22, 2015. A 30-day public comment period began on April 28, 2015, when the Consent Decree was published in the Federal Register.

As reported most recently in the Corporation's 2014 Form 10-K, in December 2014, XTO agreed to a settlement with the Department of Justice, USEPA and the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protections (WVDEP) concerning administrative orders alleging Clean Water Act violations issued by the USEPA with regard to eight XTO locations in West Virginia, five of which were voluntarily disclosed by XTO to the USEPA. Pursuant to the settlement, XTO will pay a civil penalty of \$2.3 million and has entered into a Consent Decree with the Department of Justice, USEPA and WVDEP. The Consent Decree requires XTO to prepare and submit restoration plans for approval by USEPA, WVDEP and conduct approximately \$3.0 million in restoration and mitigation activities at the impacted locations or at alternative locations approved by the USEPA and WVDEP. On April 24, 2015, the United States District Court for the Northern District of West Virginia approved the Consent Decree.

Refer to the relevant portions of Note 3 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further information on legal proceedings.

**Item 2. Unregistered Sales of Equity Securities and Use of Proceeds****Issuer Purchase of Equity Securities for Quarter Ended March 31, 2015**

<u>Period</u>	<u>Total Number of Shares Purchased</u>	<u>Average Price Paid per Share</u>	<u>Total Number of Shares Purchased as Part of Publicly Announced Plans or Programs</u>	<u>Maximum Number of Shares that May Yet Be Purchased Under the Plans or Programs</u>
January 2015	6,510,349	\$90.44	6,510,349	
February 2015	6,184,584	\$90.56	6,184,584	
March 2015	7,411,392	\$85.24	7,411,392	
Total	20,106,325	\$88.56	20,106,325	(See Note 1)

Note 1 - On August 1, 2000, the Corporation announced its intention to resume purchases of shares of its common stock for the treasury both to offset shares issued in conjunction with company benefit plans and programs and to gradually reduce the number of shares outstanding. The announcement did not specify an amount or expiration date. The Corporation has continued to purchase shares since this announcement and to report purchased volumes in its quarterly earnings releases. In its most recent earnings release dated April 30, 2015, the Corporation stated that second quarter 2015 share purchases to reduce shares outstanding are anticipated to equal \$1 billion. Purchases may be made in the open market and through negotiated transactions, and purchases may be increased, decreased or discontinued at any time without prior notice.

**Item 6. Exhibits**

<u>Exhibit</u>	<u>Description</u>
31.1	Certification (pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)) by Chief Executive Officer.
31.2	Certification (pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)) by Principal Financial Officer.
31.3	Certification (pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)) by Principal Accounting Officer.
32.1	Section 1350 Certification (pursuant to Sarbanes-Oxley Section 906) by Chief Executive Officer.
32.2	Section 1350 Certification (pursuant to Sarbanes-Oxley Section 906) by Principal Financial Officer.
32.3	Section 1350 Certification (pursuant to Sarbanes-Oxley Section 906) by Principal Accounting Officer.
101	Interactive Data Files.

The registrant has not filed with this report copies of the instruments defining the rights of holders of long-term debt of the registrant and its subsidiaries for which consolidated unconsolidated financial statements are required to be filed. The registrant agrees to furnish a copy of any such instrument to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request.

**EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION**

**SIGNATURE**

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto authorized.

**EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION**

Date: May 6, 2015

By: \_\_\_\_\_ /s/ DAVID S. ROSENTHAL  
David S. Rosenthal  
Vice President, Controller and  
Principal Accounting Officer

## INDEX TO EXHIBITS

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101	Interactive Data Files.

The registrant has not filed with this report copies of the instruments defining the rights of holders of long-term debt of the registrant and its subsidiaries for which consolidated financial statements are required to be filed. The registrant agrees to furnish a copy of any such instrument to the Securities and Exchange Commission upon request.

**Certification by Rex W. Tillerson  
Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)**

I, Rex W. Tillerson, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exxon Mobil Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (or the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's board of directors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 6, 2015

\_\_\_\_\_  
/s/ REX W. TILLERSON  
Rex W. Tillerson  
Chief Executive Officer



**Certification by Andrew P. Swiger  
Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)**

I, Andrew P. Swiger, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exxon Mobil Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (or the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's audit committee and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 6, 2015

\_\_\_\_\_  
/s/ ANDREW P. SWIGER  
Andrew P. Swiger  
Senior Vice President  
(Principal Financial Officer)

**Certification by David S. Rosenthal  
Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)**

I, David S. Rosenthal, certify that:

1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exxon Mobil Corporation;
2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rule 15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
  - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
  - (b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
  - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
  - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (or the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's board of directors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
  - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
  - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: May 6, 2015

/s/ DAVID S. ROSENTHAL  
\_\_\_\_\_  
David S. Rosenthal  
Vice President and Controller  
(Principal Accounting Officer)

**Certification of Periodic Financial Report  
Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350**

For purposes of 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned, Rex W. Tillerson, the chief executive of Exxon Mobil Corporation (the "Company"), hereby certifies that, to his knowledge:

- (i) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended March 31, 2015, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date here "Report") fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 6, 2015

/s/ REX W. TILLERSON

\_\_\_\_\_  
Rex W. Tillerson  
Chief Executive Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Exxon Mobil Corporation and will be retained by Exxon Mobil Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

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**Certification of Periodic Financial Report  
Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350**

For purposes of 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned, Andrew P. Swiger, the principal financial officer of Exxon Mobil Corporation (the "Company"), hereby certifies that, to his knowledge:

- (i) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended March 31, 2015, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 6, 2015

\_\_\_\_\_  
/s/ ANDREW P. SWIGER

Andrew P. Swiger  
Senior Vice President  
(Principal Financial Officer)

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Exxon Mobil Corporation and will be retained by Exxon Mobil Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

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**Certification of Periodic Financial Report  
Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350**

For purposes of 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned, David S. Rosenthal, the principal accounting officer of Exxon Mobil Corporation (the "Company"), hereby certifies that, to his knowledge:

- (i) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended March 31, 2015, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: May 6, 2015

/s/ DAVID S. ROSENTHAL

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David S. Rosenthal  
Vice President and Controller  
(Principal Accounting Officer)

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Exxon Mobil Corporation and will be retained by Exxon Mobil Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

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