UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D. C. 20549

FORM 10-Q

(X) QUARTERLY REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

For the quarterly period ended September 30, 2004

	OR
	SUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF CCHANGE ACT OF 1934
For the transition period	fromto
Commission Fi	ile Number 1-2256
·	_ CORPORATION It as specified in its charter)
(=::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	,
NEW JERSEY	13-5409005
(State or other jurisdiction of	(I.R.S. Employer
incorporation or organization)	Identification Number)
5959 Las Colinas Boulevard, Irving	g, Texas 75039-2298
(Address of principal executive of	
(<u>972)</u> 4	444-1000
(Registrant's telephone n	umber, including area code)
15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during	as filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an Exchange Act). Yes \underline{X} No	accelerated filer (as defined in Rule 12b-2 of the
Indicate the number of shares outstanding of each latest practicable date.	of the issuer's classes of common stock, as of the
Class Common stock, without par value	Outstanding as of September 30, 2004 6,451,295,611

EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION

FORM 10-Q

FOR THE QUARTERLY PERIOD ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

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Item 1. Financial Statements

EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME (millions of dollars)

	Three M End	ded	Nine Mo Ende	d
	Septem		Septembe	
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>
REVENUES AND OTHER INCOME				
Sales and other operating revenue (1)	\$ 74,854	\$ 58,760	\$210,134	\$ 175,115
Income from equity affiliates	1,219	681	3,487	3,579
Other income	302	400	1,049	2,092
Total revenues and other income	76,375	59,841	214,670	180,786
COSTS AND OTHER DEDUCTIONS				
Crude oil and product purchases	37,047	27,230	100,572	79,535
Production and manufacturing expenses	5,721	5,320	16,932	15,980
Selling, general and administrative expenses	3,372	3,246	9,946	9,688
Depreciation and depletion	2,431	2,203	7,154	6,554
Exploration expenses, including dry holes	388	227	789	556
Interest expense	459	41	557	153
Excise taxes (1)	7,045	5,900	19,975	17,627
Other taxes and duties	10,179	9,611	30,274	27,531
Income applicable to minority and preferred interests	199	101	495	574
Total costs and other deductions	66,841	53,879	186,694	158,198
INCOME BEFORE INCOME TAXES	9,534	5,962	27,976	22,588
Income taxes	3,854	2,312	11,066	8,278
INCOME BEFORE CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF		2,012		0,210
ACCOUNTING CHANGE	5,680	3,650	16,910	14,310
Cumulative effect of accounting change,				
net of income tax	0	0	0	550
NET INCOME	\$ 5,680	\$ 3,650	\$ 16,910	\$ 14,860
NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE				
(dollars)				
Income before cumulative effect of accounting	\$ 0.88	\$ 0.55	\$ 2.60	\$ 2.15
change				
Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of income tax	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00
	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08
Net income	\$ 0.88	\$ 0.55	\$ 2.60	\$ 2.23
NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE				
- ASSUMING DILUTION (dollars)				
Income before cumulative effect of accounting change	\$ 0.88	\$ 0.55	\$ 2.59	\$ 2.14
Cumulative effect of accounting change,				
net of income tax	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08
Net income	\$ 0.88	\$ 0.55	\$ 2.59	\$ 2.22
DIVIDENDS PER COMMON SHARE (dollars)	\$ 0.27	\$ 0.25	\$ 0.79	\$ 0.73
(1) Excise taxes included in sales and other				
operating revenue	\$ 7,045	\$ 5,900	\$ 19,975	\$ 17,627

EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET (millions of dollars)

	Sept. 30, <u>2004</u>	Dec. 31, 2003
ASSETS		
Current assets	4.10100	4.0.000
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,108	\$ 10,626
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted (note 4)	4,602	0
Notes and accounts receivable - net Inventories	24,506	24,309
Crude oil, products and merchandise	8,750	7,665
Materials and supplies	1,329	1,292
Prepaid taxes and expenses	2,640	2,068
Total current assets	57,935	45,960
Property, plant and equipment - net	104,893	104,965
Investments and other assets	24,605	23,353
TOTAL ASSETS	\$187,433	\$174,278
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities		
Notes and loans payable	\$ 4,913	\$ 4,789
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	32,107	28,445
Income taxes payable	7,175	5,152
Total current liabilities	44,195	38,386
Long-term debt	5,196	4,756
Deferred income tax liability	19,655	20,118
Other long-term liabilities	22,945	21,103
TOTAL LIABILITIES	91,991	84,363
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Benefit plan related balances	(511)	(634)
Common stock, without par value:		
Authorized: 9,000 million shares		
Issued: 8,019 million shares	4,452	4,468
Earnings reinvested	127,708	115,956
Accumulated other nonowner changes in equity		
Cumulative foreign exchange translation adjustment	1,242	1,421
Minimum pension liability adjustment	(2,446)	(2,446)
Unrealized gains on stock investments	419	511
Common stock held in treasury:		
1,568 million shares at September 30, 2004	(35,422)	
1,451 million shares at December 31, 2003		(29,361)
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	95,442	89,915
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	\$187,433	\$174,278

The number of shares of common stock issued and outstanding at September 30, 2004 and December 31, 2003 were 6,451,295,611 and 6,568,137,609, respectively.

EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS (millions of dollars)

	Nine Months Ended September 30,			
	2004	2003		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	<u> 2004</u>	<u> 2000</u>		
Net income	\$ 16,910	\$ 14,860		
Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of tax	0	(550)		
Depreciation and depletion	7,154	6,554		
Changes in operational working capital, excluding cash and	4,155	4,507		
debt	,	,		
Ruhrgas transaction	0	(2,240)		
All other items - net	24	(1,432)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	28,243	21,699		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(8,579)	(9,305)		
Sales of subsidiaries, investments, and property, plant and equipment	1,952	1,821		
Increase in restricted cash and cash equivalents (note 4)	(4,602)	0		
Other investing activities - net	209	(222)		
Net cash used in investing activities	(11,020)	(7,706)		
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Additions to long-term debt	371	31		
Reductions in long-term debt	(113)	(865)		
Additions/(reductions) in short-term debt - net	(244)	(600)		
Cash dividends to ExxonMobil shareholders	(5,158)	(4,866)		
Cash dividends to minority interests	(177)	(377)		
Changes in minority interests and sales/(purchases)				
of affiliate stock	(151)	(171)		
Net ExxonMobil shares acquired	(6,235)	(3,788)		
Net cash used in financing activities	(11,707)	(10,636)		
Effects of exchange rate changes on cash	(34)	429		
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	5,482	3,786		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	10,626	7,229		
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF PERIOD	\$ 16,108	\$ 11,015		
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURES				
Income taxes paid	\$ 8,492	\$ 5,238		
Cash interest paid	\$ 219	\$ 320		

EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION

NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Basis Of Financial Statement Preparation

These unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements should be read in the context of the consolidated financial statements and notes thereto filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission in the corporation's 2003 Annual Report on Form 10-K. In the opinion of the corporation, the information furnished herein reflects all known accruals and adjustments necessary for a fair statement of the results for the periods reported herein. All such adjustments are of a normal recurring nature. The corporation's exploration and production activities are accounted for under the "successful efforts" method.

2. Accounting Change

As of January 1, 2003, the corporation adopted Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 143 (FAS 143), "Accounting for Asset Retirement Obligations." The cumulative adjustment for the change in accounting principle reported in the first quarter of 2003 was after-tax income of \$550 million (net of \$442 million of income tax effects, including ExxonMobil's share of related equity company income taxes of \$51 million), or \$0.08 per common share.

3. Accounting for Variable Interest Entities

In December 2003, the Financial Accounting Standards Board issued a revised Interpretation No. 46 (FIN 46), "Consolidation of Variable Interest Entities," replacing the original interpretation issued in January 2003.

The corporation identified three operating entities in which the corporation has variable interests primarily through lease commitments and certain guarantees extended by the corporation. While implementation was not required until March 31, 2004, the corporation chose to adopt FIN 46 in the fourth quarter 2003 by consolidating these entities, which were previously accounted for under the equity method. There was no effect on net income, because the corporation was already recording its share of net income of these entities. The impact to the balance sheet was to increase both assets and liabilities by about \$500 million. However, there was no change to the calculation of return on average capital employed, because the corporation already includes its share of equity company debt in the determination of average capital employed.

4. Litigation and Other Contingencies

Litigation

A variety of claims have been made against ExxonMobil and certain of its consolidated subsidiaries in a number of pending lawsuits and tax disputes. The corporation accrues an undiscounted liability for those contingencies where the incurrence of a loss is probable and the amount can be reasonably estimated. The corporation does not record liabilities when the likelihood that the liability has been incurred is probable, but the amount cannot be reasonably estimated, or when the liability is believed to be only reasonably possible or remote. ExxonMobil will continue to defend itself vigorously in these matters. Based on a consideration of all relevant facts and circumstances, the corporation does not believe the ultimate outcome of any currently pending lawsuit against ExxonMobil will have a materially adverse effect upon the corporation's operations or financial condition.

A number of lawsuits, including class actions, were brought in various courts against Exxon Mobil Corporation and certain of its subsidiaries relating to the accidental release of crude oil from the tanker Exxon Valdez in 1989. The vast majority of the compensatory claims have been resolved. All of the punitive damage claims were consolidated in the civil trial that began in May 1994.

In that trial, on September 24, 1996, the United States District Court for the District of Alaska entered a judgment in the amount of \$5 billion in punitive damages to a class composed of all persons and entities who asserted claims for punitive damages from the corporation as a result of the Exxon Valdez grounding. ExxonMobil appealed the judgment. On November 7, 2001, the United States Court of Appeals for the Ninth Circuit vacated the punitive damage award as being excessive under the Constitution and remanded the case to the District Court for it to determine the amount of the punitive damage award consistent with the Ninth Circuit's holding. The Ninth Circuit upheld the compensatory damage award which has been paid. On December 6, 2002, the District Court reduced the punitive damage award from \$5 billion to \$4 billion. Both the plaintiffs and ExxonMobil appealed that decision to the Ninth Circuit. The Ninth Circuit panel vacated the District Court's \$4 billion punitive damage award without argument and sent the case back for the District Court to reconsider in light of the recent U.S. Supreme Court decision in *Campbell v. State Farm.* On January 28, 2004, the District Court reinstated the punitive damage award at \$4.5 billion plus interest. ExxonMobil and the plaintiffs have appealed the decision to the Ninth Circuit. The corporation has posted a \$5.4 billion letter of credit.

On January 29, 1997, a settlement agreement was concluded resolving all remaining matters between the corporation and various insurers arising from the Valdez accident. Under terms of this settlement, ExxonMobil received \$480 million. Final income statement recognition of this settlement continues to be deferred in view of uncertainty regarding the ultimate cost to the corporation of the Valdez accident.

Management believes that the likelihood of the judgment being upheld is remote. While it is reasonably possible that a liability may have been incurred arising from the Exxon Valdez grounding, it is not possible to predict the ultimate outcome or to reasonably estimate any such potential liability.

On December 19, 2000, a jury in the 15th Judicial Circuit Court of Montgomery County, Alabama, returned a verdict against the corporation in a dispute over royalties in the amount of \$88 million in compensatory damages and \$3.4 billion in punitive damages in the case of Exxon Corporation v. State of Alabama, et al. The verdict was upheld by the trial court on May 4, 2001. On December 20, 2002, the Alabama Supreme Court vacated the \$3.5 billion jury verdict. The case was retried and on November 14, 2003, a state district court jury in Montgomery, Alabama returned a verdict against Exxon Mobil Corporation. The verdict included \$63.5 million in compensatory damages and \$11.8 billion in punitive damages. On March 29, 2004, the district court judge reduced the amount of punitive damages to \$3.5 billion. ExxonMobil believes the judgment is not justified by the evidence and that the amount of the award is grossly excessive and unconstitutional. ExxonMobil has appealed the decision. Management believes that the likelihood of the judgment being upheld is remote. While it is reasonably possible that a liability may have been incurred by ExxonMobil from this dispute over royalties, it is not possible to predict the ultimate outcome or to reasonably estimate any such potential liability. On May 4, 2004, the corporation posted a \$4.5 billion supersedeas bond as required by Alabama law to stay execution of the judgment pending appeal. The corporation has pledged to the issuer of the bond collateral consisting of cash and short-term, high quality securities with an aggregate value of approximately \$4.6 billion. This collateral is reported as restricted cash and cash equivalents on the condensed consolidated balance sheet. Under the terms of the pledge agreement, the corporation is entitled to receive the income generated from the cash and securities and to make investment decisions, but is restricted from using the pledged cash and securities for any other purpose until such time as the bond is cancelled.

On May 22, 2001, a state court jury in New Orleans, Louisiana, returned a verdict against the corporation and three other entities in a case brought by a landowner claiming damage to his property. The property had been leased by the landowner to a company that performed pipe cleaning and storage services for customers, including the corporation. The jury awarded the plaintiff \$56 million in compensatory damages (90 percent to be paid by the corporation) and \$1 billion in punitive damages (all to be paid by the corporation). The damage related to the presence of naturally occurring radioactive material (NORM) on the site resulting from pipe cleaning operations. The award has been upheld at the trial court. ExxonMobil has appealed the judgment to the Louisiana Fourth Circuit Court of Appeals and believes that the judgment should be set aside or substantially reduced on factual and constitutional grounds. Management be lieves that the likelihood of the jury verdict being upheld is remote. While it is reasonably possible that a liability may have been incurred by ExxonMobil from this dispute over property damages, it is not possible to predict the ultimate outcome or to reasonably estimate any such potential liability.

In *Allapattah v. Exxon*, a jury in the United States District Court for the Southern District of Florida determined in January 2001 that a class of all Exxon dealers between March 1983 and August 1994 had been overcharged between 1.03 and 1.4 cents per gallon for gasoline. Exxon sold a total of 39.8 billion gallons of gasoline to its dealers during this period. The estimated value of the potential claims associated with the 39.8 billion gallons of gasoline is \$494 million. Including related interest, the total is approximately \$1.3 billion. On June 11, 2003, the Eleventh Circuit Court of Appeals affirmed the judgment and on March 15, 2004, denied a petition for Rehearing En Banc. On October 12, 2004, the U.S. Supreme Court granted review of an issue raised by ExxonMobil as to whether the class in the District Court judgment should include members that individually do not sati sfy the \$50,000 minimum amount-in-controversy requirement in Federal court. Members of the class may file claims through December 1, 2004. As of September 30, 2004 claims representing approximately 90 percent of the gallons had been filed. In light of the Supreme Court's decision to grant review of only part of ExxonMobil's appeal, ExxonMobil took an after-tax charge of \$550 million in the third quarter reflecting the estimated liability, including interest and after considering potential set-offs and defenses, for the claims in excess of \$50,000.

Tax issues for 1983-93 remain pending before the U.S. Tax Court. The ultimate resolution of these issues is not expected to have a materially adverse effect upon the corporation's operations or financial condition.

Other Contingencies

-	As of September 30, 2004							
	Equity	Other						
	Company	Third Party						
	Obligations	<u>Total</u>						
	(millions of dollars)							
Guarantees of excise taxes and custom duties								
under reciprocal arrangements	\$ 0	\$ 1,018	\$ 1,018					
Other guarantees	2,065	418	2,483					
Total	\$ 2,065	\$ 1,436	\$ 3,501					

The corporation and certain of its consolidated subsidiaries were contingently liable at September 30, 2004 for \$3,501 million, primarily relating to guarantees for notes, loans and performance under contracts. This included \$1,018 million representing guarantees of non-U.S. excise taxes and customs duties of other companies, entered into as a normal business practice, under reciprocal arrangements. Also included in this amount were guarantees by consolidated affiliates of \$2,065 million, representing ExxonMobil's share of obligations of certain equity companies.

Additionally, the corporation and its affiliates have numerous long-term sales and purchase commitments in their various business activities, all of which are expected to be fulfilled with no adverse consequences material to the corporation's operations or financial condition. The corporation's outstanding unconditional purchase obligations at September 30, 2004 were similar to those at the prior year-end period. Unconditional purchase obligations as defined by accounting standards are those long-term commitments that are noncancelable or cancelable only under certain conditions, and that third parties have used to secure financing for the facilities that will provide the contracted goods or services.

The operations and earnings of the corporation and its affiliates throughout the world have been, and may in the future be, affected from time to time in varying degree by political developments and laws and regulations, such as forced divestiture of assets; restrictions on production, imports and exports; price controls; tax increases and retroactive tax claims; expropriation of property; cancellation of contract rights and environmental regulations. Both the likelihood of such occurrences and their overall effect upon the corporation vary greatly from country to country and are not predictable.

5. Nonowner Changes in Shareholders' Equity

	Three Months Ended September 30,					Nine Months Ended September 3			
		2004		2003		2004		2003	
			(r	nillions of	f do	llars)			
Net income	\$	5,680	\$	3,650	\$	16,910	\$	14,860	
Changes in other nonowner changes in equity									
Foreign exchange translation adjustment		559		652		(179)		2,568	
Minimum pension liability adjustment		0		0		0		0	
Unrealized gains/(losses) on stock investments		85		72		(92)		225	
Total nonowner changes in shareholders' equity	\$	6,324	\$	4,374	\$	16,639	\$	17,653	

6. Earnings Per Share

o. Lamings i ci onaic	Three N End Septem	led	Nine Mo Ende Septemb	ed
	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>	<u>2004</u>	<u>2003</u>
NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE Income before cumulative effect of				
accounting change (millions of dollars)	\$ 5,680	\$ 3,650	\$16,910	\$ 14,310
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (millions of shares)	6,464	6,619	6,505	6,653
Net income per common share (dollars)				
Income before cumulative effect of accounting change	\$ 0.88	\$ 0.55	\$ 2.60	\$ 2.15
Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of income tax	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08
Net income	\$ 0.88	\$ 0.55	\$ 2.60	\$ 2.23
NET INCOME PER COMMON SHARE - ASSUMING DILUTION				
Income before cumulative effect of accounting change (millions of dollars)	\$ 5,680	\$ 3,650	\$16,910	\$ 14,310
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (millions of shares) Effect of employee stock-based awards	6,464 44	6,619 33	6,505 37	6,653 30
Weighted average number of common shares outstanding - assuming dilution	6,508	6,652	6,542	6,683
Net income per common share - assuming dilution (dollars)				
Income before cumulative effect of accounting change	\$ 0.88	\$ 0.55	\$ 2.59	\$ 2.14
Cumulative effect of accounting change, net of income tax	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.08
Net income	\$ 0.88	\$ 0.55	\$ 2.59	\$ 2.22

If the provisions for expensing the value of employee stock options of Financial Accounting Standard No. 123, "Accounting for Stock-Based Compensation" had been adopted prior to January 1, 2003, the impact on compensation expense, net income, and net income per share for periods in 2003 and 2004 would have been negligible.

7. Annuity Benefits and Other Postretirement Benefits

	Three Months Ended					Nine Months Ended			
	September 30,					Septe	er 30,		
		2004	_	2003 nillions o	f do	2004 llars)		2003	
Annuity Benefits - U.S.			`			,			
Components of net benefit cost									
Service cost	\$	76	\$	71	\$	230	\$	213	
Interest cost		151		157		455		469	
Expected return on plan assets		(155)		(106)		(462)		(315)	
Amortization of actuarial loss/(gain)									
and prior service cost		71		80		214		239	
Net pension enhancement and									
curtailment/settlement expense		45		51		133		152	
Net benefit cost	\$	188	\$	253	\$	570	\$	758	
Annuity Benefits - Non-U.S.									
Components of net benefit cost									
Service cost	\$	82	\$	79	\$	253	\$	236	
Interest cost		198		181		593		544	
Expected return on plan assets		(170)		(142)		(506)		(419)	
Amortization of actuarial loss/(gain)									
and prior service cost		93		98		274		292	
Net pension enhancement and		4.0		_				4.0	
curtailment/settlement expense	_	13	_	6	_	30	_	16	
Net benefit cost	\$	216	\$	222	\$	644	\$	669	
Other Postretirement Benefits									
Components of net benefit cost									
Service cost	\$	17	\$	11	\$	43	\$	30	
Interest cost	Ψ	80	~	61	*	218	*	157	
Expected return on plan assets		(10)		(10)		(28)		(26)	
Amortization of actuarial loss/(gain)		()		()		()		()	
and prior service cost		52		31		128		79	
Net benefit cost	\$	139	\$	93	\$	361	\$	240	

Three Months

Nine Months

As of year-end 2003, the company expected to make contributions of up to \$300 million to U.S. plans, depending on the outcome of legislative proposals before Congress. On April 10, 2004, the President of the United States signed into law H.R. 3108 which establishes a two-year replacement of the benchmark interest rate used to determine the funding of liabilities of private sector pension plans. As a result of that legislation, the company does not expect to make a contribution to its U.S. pension plans in 2004. The expected contribution of about \$450 million to non-U.S. plans is unchanged.

The corporation offers a Medicare supplement plan to Medicare-eligible retirees which provides prescription drug benefits. On December 8, 2003, the President of the United States signed into law the Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement and Modernization Act of 2003 (the "Act"). The Act provides a federal subsidy to employers sponsoring retiree health care benefit plans that provide a benefit that is at least actuarially equivalent to Medicare Part D. The corporation believes that its Medicare supplement plan is at least actuarially equivalent to Medicare Part D and that it is not a significant event for the plan. The corporation will defer recognition of the effects of the Act until December 31, 2004, the next measurement date of the plan obligations.

8. Disclosures about Segments and Related Information

September 30, September 30, 2004 2003 2004 2003 (millions of dollars)	Ī
	<u> </u>
(millions of dollars)	
EARNINGS AFTER INCOME TAX	
Upstream	
	049
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	184
Downstream	
,	964
	816
Chemical	
	169
•	787
All other (109) (193) (420)	109)
Corporate total \$ 5,680 \$ 3,650 \$ 16,910 \$ 14,5	860
Included in All Other above	
Cumulative effect of accounting change \$ 0 \$ 0 \$ 0 \$	550
SALES AND OTHER OPERATING REVENUE (1)	
Upstream	
·	649
·	051
Downstream	
	692
Non-U.S. 43,837 34,748 121,676 102,	
Chemical	
United States 2,808 1,989 7,633 5,9	942
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	097
All other 5 10 22	27
Corporate total \$74,854 \$58,760 \$210,134 \$175,	115
(1) Includes excise taxes	
INTERSEGMENT REVENUE	
Upstream	
United States \$ 1,677 \$ 1,279 \$ 4,808 \$ 4,	134
Non-U.S. 5,843 3,674 15,400 11,	520
Downstream	
United States 2,130 1,610 5,768 4,	717
Non-U.S. 8,310 5,728 22,096 16,	108
Chemical	
United States 1,368 891 3,604 2,	401
	395
All other 73 83 240	237

9. Condensed Consolidating Financial Information Related to Guaranteed Securities Issued by Subsidiaries

Exxon Mobil Corporation has fully and unconditionally guaranteed the 6.125% notes due 2008 (\$160 million of long-term debt at September 30, 2004) of Exxon Capital Corporation and the deferred interest debentures due 2012 (\$1,217 million) and the debt securities due 2005-2011 (\$85 million long-term and \$10 million short-term) of SeaRiver Maritime Financial Holdings, Inc. Exxon Capital Corporation and SeaRiver Maritime Financial Holdings, Inc. are 100 percent owned subsidiaries of Exxon Mobil Corporation.

The following condensed consolidating financial information is provided for Exxon Mobil Corporation, as guarantor, and for Exxon Capital Corporation and SeaRiver Maritime Financial Holdings, Inc., as issuers, as an alternative to providing separate financial statements for the issuers. The accounts of Exxon Mobil Corporation, Exxon Capital Corporation and SeaRiver Maritime Financial Holdings, Inc. are presented utilizing the equity method of accounting for investments in subsidiaries.

	Exxon Mobil Corporation Parent Guarantor	Exxon Capital Corporation	SeaRiver Maritime Financial Holdings, Inc. (million	All Other Subsidiaries ns of dollars)	Consolidating and Eliminating Adjustments	Consolidated
Condensed consolidated statement of inco	ome for three mon	ths ended Septem	ber 30, 2004			
Revenues and other income						
Sales and other operating revenue, including excise taxes Income from equity affiliates	\$ 3,240 5,488	\$ -	\$ - 2	\$ 71,614 1,216	\$ - (5,487)	\$ 74,854 1,219
Other income	111	-	-	191	-	302
Intercompany revenue	6,395	9	5	51,628	(58,037)	-
Total revenues and other income	15,234	9	7	124,649	(63,524)	76,375
Costs and other deductions						
Crude oil and product purchases	6,106	-	-	86,128	(55,187)	37,047
Production and manufacturing expenses Selling, general and administrative	1,660	1	-	5,327	(1,267)	5,721
expenses	525	1	-	2,921	(75)	3,372
Depreciation and depletion	349	1	-	2,081	-	2,431
Exploration expenses, including dry holes	73	_	-	315	-	388
Interest expense	683	8	34	1,260	(1,526)	459
Excise taxes	-	-	-	7,045	-	7,045
Other taxes and duties	4	-	-	10,175	-	10,179
Income applicable to minority and preferred interests Total costs and other deductions	9,400		34	199 115,451	(58,055)	199 66,841
Income before income taxes	5,834	(2)	(27)	9,198	(5,469)	9,534
Income taxes	154	(1)	(10)	3,711	(0,400)	3,854
Income before accounting change	5,680	(1)	(17)	5,487	(5,469)	5,680
Accounting change	5,000	(1)	(11)	5,707	(5,409)	5,000
Net income	\$ 5,680	\$ (1)	\$ (17)	\$ 5,487	\$ (5,469)	\$ 5,680
NET ITICOTHE	Ф 5,080	\$ (1)	Φ (17)	φ 5,48 <i>1</i>	φ (5,469)	φ 5,080

	Co I	kon Mobil rporation Parent uarantor	Ca	xon pital oration	Ma Fin Hol	aRiver aritime nancial Idings, Inc. (millior	All Other Subsidiaries ns of dollars)		E	nsolidating and liminating djustments	Cor	nsolidated
Condensed consolidated statement of inc	ome for	three montl	ns ended	d Septem	<u>ber 30</u>	<u>, 2003</u>						
Revenues and other income												
Sales and other operating revenue, including excise taxes Income from equity affiliates	\$	2,799 3,547	\$	-	\$	- 2	\$	55,961 681	\$	- (3,549)	\$	58,760 681
Other income		123		-		-		277		-		400
Intercompany revenue		4,430		8		4		34,913		(39,355)		-
Total revenues and other income		10,899	-	8		6		91,832		(42,904)		59,841
Costs and other deductions			-									
Crude oil and product purchases		4,377		-		-		59,513		(36,660)		27,230
Production and manufacturing expenses Selling, general and administrative		1,583		1		1		5,195		(1,460)		5,320
expenses		509		-		-		2,773		(36)		3,246
Depreciation and depletion		365		1		1		1,836		-		2,203
Exploration expenses, including dry holes		42		_		_		185		_		227
Interest expense		133		6		30		1,036		(1,164)		41
Excise taxes		-		-		-		5,900		-		5,900
Other taxes and duties		3		-		-		9,608		-		9,611
Income applicable to minority and preferred interests		<u>-</u>		_				101		<u>-</u>		101
Total costs and other deductions		7,012		8		32		86,147		(39,320)		53,879
Income before income taxes		3,887		-		(26)		5,685		(3,584)		5,962
Income taxes		237		-		(10)		2,085		<u>-</u>		2,312
Income before accounting change		3,650		-		(16)		3,600		(3,584)		3,650
Accounting change				-								
Net income	\$	3,650	\$	-	\$	(16)	\$	3,600	\$	(3,584)	\$	3,650
Condensed consolidated statement of inc Revenues and other income Sales and other operating revenue, including excise taxes Income from equity affiliates	ome for \$	9,571 15,639	s ended \$	<u>Septemb</u> - -	<u>s</u> \$	<u>2004</u> - 10	\$	200,563 3,486	\$	- (15,648)	\$	210,134 3,487
Other income		264		-		-		785		-		1,049
Intercompany revenue		17,311		23		14		139,442		(156,790)		
Total revenues and other income		42,785		23		24		344,276		(172,438)		214,670
Costs and other deductions												
Crude oil and product purchases Production and manufacturing		16,410		-		-		232,660		(148,498)		100,572
expenses Selling, general and administrative		4,912		2		-		15,781		(3,763)		16,932
expenses Depreciation and depletion		1,484 1,062		3 3		1		8,665 6,088		(206)		9,946 7,154
Exploration expenses, including dry holes		174		-		-		615		-		789
Interest expense		1,016		17		101		3,771		(4,348)		557
Excise taxes		-		-		-		19,975		-		19,975
Other taxes and duties		10		-		-		30,264		-		30,274
Income applicable to minority and preferred interests Total costs and other deductions		<u>-</u> 25,068		<u>-</u> 25		<u>-</u> 102		495 318,314		(156,815)		495 186,694
Income before income taxes		17,717	-	(2)		(78)		25,962		(15,623)		27,976
Income taxes		807		(2)		(31)		10,292		-		11,066
Income before accounting change		16,910	-			(47)		15,670		(15,623)	_	16,910
Accounting change		-		_		-		-		-		-
Net income	\$	16,910	\$	-	\$	(47)	\$	15,670	\$	(15,623)	\$	16,910

	Exxon Mobil Corporation Parent Guarantor	Exxon Capital Corporation	SeaRiver Maritime Financial Holdings, Inc.	All Other Subsidiaries	Consolidating and Eliminating Adjustments	Consolidated
			(millior	ns of dollars)		
Condensed consolidated statement of incor	me for nine month	s ended Septem	oer 30, 2003			
Revenues and other income						
Sales and other operating revenue, including excise taxes	\$ 8,642	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 166,473	\$ -	\$ 175,115
Income from equity affiliates	14,219	-	6	3,570	(14,216)	3,579
Other income	350	-	-	1,742	-	2,092
Intercompany revenue	13,138	25	14	105,101	(118,278)	-
Total revenues and other income	36,349	25	20	276,886	(132,494)	180,786
Costs and other deductions						
Crude oil and product purchases	12,867	-	-	177,915	(111,247)	79,535
Production and manufacturing expenses	4,920	2	1	14,556	(3,499)	15,980
Selling, general and administrative expenses	1,399	1	_	8,361	(73)	9,688
Depreciation and depletion	1,132	4	2	5,416	-	6,554
Exploration expenses, including dry holes	106	-	-	450	-	556
Interest expense	456	16	91	3,068	(3,478)	153
Excise taxes	-	-	-	17,627	-	17,627
Other taxes and duties	6	-	-	27,525	-	27,531
Income applicable to minority and preferred interests	-	-	-	574	-	574
Total costs and other deductions	20,886	23	94	255,492	(118,297)	158,198
Income before income taxes	15,463	2	(74)	21,394	(14,197)	22,588
Income taxes	1,153	1	(28)	7,152	-	8,278
Income before accounting change	14,310	1	(46)	14,242	(14,197)	14,310
Accounting change	550	-	-	481	(481)	550
Net income	\$ 14,860	\$ 1	\$ (46)	\$ 14,723	\$ (14,678)	\$ 14,860

SeaRiver

	Exxon Mobil Corporation Parent Guarantor	C	Exxon Capital	M Fii Ho	eaRiver aritime nancial oldings, Inc.		All Other Subsidiaries		nsolidating Eliminating ljustments	Coi	nsolidated
	Guaranioi		poracion				dollars)				
Condensed consolidated balance sheet as Cash and cash equivalents	of September 30, \$ 6,458	\$	_	\$	_	\$	9,650	\$	_	\$	16,108
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	4,602	Ψ	_	Ψ	_	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	4,602
Notes and accounts receivable - net	4,547		_		_		19,959		_		24,506
Inventories	1,200		_		_		8,879		-		10,079
Prepaid taxes and expenses	1,032		_		27		1,581		_		2,640
Total current assets	17,839	-			27	_	40,069			-	57,935
Property, plant and equipment - net	15,717		96		_		89,080		_		104,893
Investments and other assets	141,386		-		516		359,183		(476,480)		24,605
Intercompany receivables	8,733		1,138		1,550		304,721		(316,142)		-
Total assets	\$ 183,675	\$	1,234	\$	2,093	\$	793,053	\$	(792,622)	\$	187,433
Notes and loan payables	\$ 1,139	\$	-	\$	10	\$	3,764	\$	-	\$	4,913
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,777		1		-		28,329		-		32,107
Income taxes payable	-		1		-		7,174		-		7,175
Total current liabilities	4,916		2		10		39,267		-		44,195
Long-term debt	261		160		1,302		3,473		-		5,196
Deferred income tax liabilities	3,020		28		294		16,313		-		19,655
Other long-term liabilities	5,374		13		-		17,558		-		22,945
Intercompany payables	74,662		242		382		240,856		(316,142)		-
Total liabilities	88,233		445		1,988	_	317,467		(316,142)		91,991
Earnings reinvested	127,708		4		(289)		85,049		(84,764)		127,708
Other shareholders' equity	(32,266)		785		394		390,537		(391,716)		(32,266)
Total shareholders' equity	95,442		789		105		475,586		(476,480)		95,442
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 183,675	\$	1,234	\$	2,093	\$	793,053	\$	(792,622)	\$	187,433
Condensed consolidated balance sheet as	of December 31, 2	2003									
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,647	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,979	\$	-	\$	10,626
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted	-		-		-		-		-		-
Notes and accounts receivable - net	5,781		-		-		18,528		-		24,309
Inventories	1,027		-		-		7,930		-		8,957
Prepaid taxes and expenses	91		-		-		1,977		-		2,068
Total current assets	12,546	-	-		-		33,414	-	-	-	45,960
Property, plant and equipment - net	16,733		98		1		88,133		-		104,965
Investments and other assets	128,282		-		506		363,103		(468,538)		23,353
Intercompany receivables	9,463		1,114		1,540		381,683		(393,800)		-
Total assets	\$ 167,024	\$	1,212	\$	2,047	\$	866,333	\$	(862,338)	\$	174,278
Notes and loan payables	\$ 1,104	\$	-	\$	10	\$	3,675	\$	-	\$	4,789
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	3,538		6		-		24,901		-		28,445
Income taxes payable	1,457		-		-		3,695		-		5,152
Total current liabilities	6,099		6		10		32,271		-		38,386
Long-term debt	261		266		1,206		3,023		-		4,756
Deferred income tax liabilities	3,643		29		296		16,150		-		20,118
Other long-term liabilities	3,991		16		-		17,096		-		21,103
Intercompany payables	63,115		106		382		330,197		(393,800)		
Total liabilities	77,109		423		1,894	_	398,737	_	(393,800)		84,363
Earnings reinvested	115,956		4		(241)		72,012		(71,775)		115,956
Other shareholders' equity	(26,041)		785		394		395,584		(396,763)		(26,041)
Total shareholders' equity	89,915		789		153		467,596		(468,538)		89,915
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	\$ 167,024	\$	1,212	\$	2,047	\$	866,333	\$	(862,338)	\$	174,278

	Exxon Mobil Corporation Parent Guarantor	Exxon Capital Corporation	SeaRiver Maritime Financial Holdings, Inc.	All Other Subsidiaries as of dollars)	Consolidating and Eliminating Adjustments	Consolidated
Condensed consolidated statement of cash	flows for nine mor	nths ended Septe	mber 30, 2004			
Cash provided by/(used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities	\$ 5,665	\$ (6)	\$ 10	\$ 25,207	\$ (2,633)	\$ 28,243
Additions to property, plant and equipment Sales of long-term assets	(802) 360	-	-	(7,777) 1,592	-	(8,579) 1,952
Increase in restricted cash and cash equivalents Net intercompany investing	(4,602) 11,583	- (24)	- (10)	- (11,723)	- 174	(4,602)
All other investing, net	-	-	-	209	-	209
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities Cash flows from financing activities	6,539	(24)	(10)	(17,699)	174	(11,020)
Additions to long-term debt	-	-	-	371	-	371
Reductions in long-term debt	-	(106)	-	(7)	-	(113)
Additions/(reductions) in short-term debt - net Cash dividends	- (5,158)	-	-	(244) (2,633)	- 2,633	(244) (5,158)
Net ExxonMobil shares sold/(acquired)	(6,235)	_	_	(2,000)	2,000	(6,235)
Net intercompany financing activity	(0,233)	136	_	38	(174)	(0,233)
All other financing, net	_	-	_	(328)	(1.4)	(328)
Net cash provided by/(used in)						
financing activities Effects of exchange rate changes	(11,393)	30		(2,803)	2,459	(11,707)
on cash Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash				(34)		(34)
equivalents	\$ 811	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 4,671	\$ -	\$ 5,482
Condensed consolidated statement of cash	flows for nine mor	nths ended Septe	mber 30, 2003			
Cash provided by/(used in) operating activities Cash flows from investing activities	\$ 1,154	\$ 20	<u>\$ (9)</u>	\$ 21,644	\$ (1,110)	\$ 21,699
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(1,315)	-	-	(7,990)	-	(9,305)
Sales of long-term assets	126	-	-	1,695	-	1,821
Increase in restricted cash and cash						
equivalents Net intercompany investing	10,152	(48)	9	(10,119)	6	-
All other investing, net	-	-	-	(222)	-	(222)
Net cash provided by/(used in) investing activities	8,963	(48)	9	(16,636)	6	(7,706)
Cash flows from financing activities						0.4
Additions to long-term debt	-	-	-	31	-	31
Reductions in long-term debt	-	-	-	(865)	-	(865)
Additions/(reductions) in short-term debt - net	-	(6)	-	(594)	-	(600)
Cash dividends	(4,866)	(93)	-	(1,017)	1,110	(4,866)
Net ExxonMobil shares sold/(acquired)	(3,788)	-	-	-	-	(3,788)
Net intercompany financing activity	-	148	-	(121)	(27)	-
All other financing, net		(21)		(548)	21	(548)
Net cash provided by/(used in) financing activities Effects of exchange rate changes	(8,654)	28		(3,114)	1,104	(10,636)
on cash				429		429
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,463	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,323	\$ -	\$ 3,786

EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION

Item 2. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

FUNCTIONAL EARNINGS SUMMARY

	 Third Quarter			First Nine Months				
	 2004		2003	- 2	2004	2	003	
			(million	s of	dollars)			
Net Income (U.S. GAAP)								
Upstream								
United States	\$ 1,173	\$	883	\$,	\$	3,049	
Non-U.S.	2,756		1,819		8,224		8,184	
Downstream								
United States	11		371		1,310		964	
Non-U.S.	840		540		2,052		1,816	
Chemical								
United States	329		25		595		169	
Non-U.S.	680		205		1,585		787	
Corporate and financing	 (109)		(193)		(420)	_	(659)	
Income before accounting change	5,680		3,650	1	L6,910		14,310	
Accounting change	 0		0		0		550	
Net Income (U.S. GAAP)	\$ 5,680	\$	3,650	\$1	L6,910	\$	14,860	
Net income per common share	\$ 0.88	\$	0.55	\$	2.60	\$	2.23	
Net income per common share - assuming dilution	\$ 0.88	\$	0.55	\$	2.59	\$	2.22	
Special items included in net income Non-U.S. Upstream								
Gain on transfer of Ruhrgas shares U.S. Downstream	\$ 0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	1,700	
Allapattah lawsuit provision	\$ (550)	\$	0	\$	(550)	\$	0	

REVIEW OF THIRD QUARTER AND FIRST NINE MONTHS 2004 RESULTS

Exxon Mobil Corporation estimated third quarter 2004 net income of \$5,680 million (\$0.88 per share), including a \$550 million charge for the Allapattah lawsuit provision, increased \$2,030 million from the third quarter of 2003. Revenues and other income for the third quarter of 2004 totaled \$76,375 million compared with \$59,841 million in 2003, reflecting significantly higher prices.

Record net income of \$16,910 million (\$2.59 per share) for the first nine months of 2004 increased \$2,050 million from 2003. Net income for 2004 included a provision of \$550 million for the Allapattah lawsuit. Net income for the first nine months of 2003 included a \$550 million positive impact for the required adoption of FAS 143 relating to accounting for asset retirement obligations and a one-time gain of \$1,700 million from the transfer of shares in Ruhrgas AG. Revenues and other income for the first nine months of 2004 totaled \$214,670 million compared with \$180,786 million in 2003, reflecting higher prices.

	I nird Quarter				Hirst Nine Months			
	_	2004		2003		<u> 2004</u>	2003	
				(millio	ons o	ns of dollars)		
<u>Upstream</u>								
United States	\$	1,173	\$	883	\$ 3	3,564	\$ 3,049	
Non-U.S.		2,756		1,819	8	3,224	8,184	
Total	\$	3,929	\$	2,702	\$13	1,788	\$11,233	
Special items included in net income								
Non-U.S. Upstream								
Gain on transfer of Ruhrgas shares	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$ 1,700	

Upstream earnings were \$3,929 million, an increase of \$1,227 million from the third quarter of 2003 reflecting higher crude oil and natural gas prices.

Liquids production of 2,506 kbd (thousands of barrels per day) increased by 1 percent versus the third quarter of 2003. Higher production from new fields in West Africa and Norway was partly offset by natural field decline in mature areas, adverse entitlement effects, divestment impacts, and planned maintenance activity.

Third quarter natural gas production increased to 8,428 mcfd (millions of cubic feet per day) from 8,323 mcfd last year. Higher European volumes, the impact of projects and work programs and an additional LNG train in Qatar were partly offset by natural field decline in mature areas, planned maintenance activity, divestment impacts and adverse entitlement effects.

On an oil-equivalent basis, production increased by 1 percent versus third quarter 2003. Plans for long-term capacity increases remain on track as reflected by continued high levels of capital spending.

Earnings from U.S. upstream operations were \$1,173 million, up \$290 million. Non-U.S. upstream earnings of \$2,756 million were \$937 million higher than last year's third quarter.

Upstream earnings in the first nine months of 2004 of \$11,788 million increased \$555 million from the first nine months of 2003 which included a \$1,700 million gain from the transfer of shares of Ruhrgas AG. First nine months 2004 results benefited from higher liquids and natural gas realizations and increased production.

Liquids production of 2,574 kbd increased by 3 percent versus the first nine months of 2003. Higher production in West Africa and Norway, was partly offset by natural field decline in mature areas, adverse entitlement effects and divestment impacts.

Natural gas production of 9,640 mcfd, decreased 230 mcfd from 2003. Natural field decline in mature areas, adverse entitlement effects and divestment impacts were partly offset by the start-up of an additional LNG train in Qatar and by projects and work programs.

On an oil-equivalent basis, production increased by 1 percent from the first nine months of last year. Excluding divestment and entitlement effects, production increased by 4 percent.

Earnings from U.S. upstream operations for the first nine months of 2004 were \$3,564 million, an increase of \$515 million. Earnings outside the U.S. of \$8,224 million compared to \$8,184 million, which included the one-time \$1,700 million Ruhrgas gain. Non-U.S. earnings benefited from liquids production growth and higher liquids and natural gas realizations.

	 Third Quarter			First Nine Months			
	 <u>2004</u>		2003	2	<u> 2004</u>	<u>2</u>	003
			(millior	าร (of dollars)		
<u>Downstream</u>							
United States	\$ 11	\$	371	\$	1,310	\$	964
Non-U.S.	840		540		2,052		1,816
Total	\$ 851	\$	911	\$	3,362	\$	2,780
Special items included in net income U.S. Downstream							
Allapattah lawsuit provision	\$ (550)	\$	0	\$	(550)	\$	0

Downstream earnings in the third quarter 2004 were \$851 million and included a \$550 million charge for the Allapattah lawsuit provision. Third quarter 2004 results benefited from stronger refining margins and higher refinery throughput from more efficient operations partly offset by continued weakness in marketing margins. Petroleum product sales were 8,242 kbd, 311 kbd higher than last year's third quarter.

U.S. downstream earnings of \$11 million increased \$190 million from last year's third quarter before the lawsuit provision. Non-U.S. downstream earnings of \$840 million were \$300 million higher than last year's third quarter.

Downstream earnings in the first nine months of 2004 of \$3,362 million, including the \$550 million lawsuit provision, compared to \$2,780 million in the first nine months of 2003, the increase reflecting stronger worldwide refining margins and higher refinery throughput partly offset by weak marketing margins. Petroleum product sales of 8,131 kbd compared with 7,862 kbd in the first nine months of 2003.

U.S. downstream earnings of \$1,310 million increased \$896 million from 2003, before the lawsuit provision. Non-U.S. downstream earnings of \$2,052 million were \$236 million higher than last year.

	Third	Quarter	First Mont	
	2004	2003	2004	2003
		(millions	of dollars)	
<u>Chemical</u>				
United States	\$ 329	\$ 25	\$ 595	\$ 169
Non-U.S.	680	205	1,585	787
Total	\$ 1,009	\$ 230	\$ 2,180	\$ 956

Chemical earnings in the third quarter of 2004 were a record \$1,009 million and were up \$779 million from the same quarter a year ago due to improved margins and increased sales volumes. Record prime product sales of 7,117 kt (thousands of metric tons) were up 457 kt, reflecting improved demand.

Chemical earnings for the first nine months of \$2,180 million were up \$1,224 million from 2003 due to improved margins, higher volumes and favorable foreign exchange effects. Prime product sales were 20,839 kt, up 5 percent, reflecting higher demand.

	inira Quarter			Months			•			
		2004		2003		2004		2003		
	(million						ons of dollars)			
All other segments										
Corporate and financing	\$	(109)	\$	(193)	\$	(420)	\$	(659)		
Accounting change		0		0		0		550		
Total	\$	(109)	\$	(193)	\$	(420)	\$	(109)		

Corporate and financing expenses in the third quarter of 2004 of \$109 million decreased by \$84 million mainly due to lower U.S. pension costs and higher interest income.

Corporate and financing expenses for the first nine months of 2004 of \$420 million decreased by \$239 million mainly due to lower U.S. pension costs and lower net interest expense. First quarter 2003 earnings included a \$550 million positive impact from the required adoption of the new accounting standard for asset retirement obligations.

Circt Nine Months

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

	First Nine Months			
	2004	2003		
	(millions of	dollars)		
Net cash provided by/(used in)				
Operating activities	\$ 28,243	\$ 21,699		
Investing activities	(11,020)	(7,706)		
Financing activities	(11,707)	(10,636)		
Effect of exchange rate changes	(34)	429		
Increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$ 5,482	\$ 3,786		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 16,108	\$ 11,015		
Cash and cash equivalents - restricted (note 4)	4,602	0		
Total cash and cash equivalents (at end of period)	\$ 20,710	\$ 11,015		

Cash provided by operating activities totaled \$28,243 million for the first nine months of 2004 versus \$21,699 million in the same period last year which included non-cash net income for the site restoration accounting change and the Ruhrgas transaction. Major sources of funds were net income of \$16,910 million and non-cash provisions of \$7,154 million for depreciation and depletion. For additional details, see the Condensed Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows on page 5.

In the first quarter of 2003, ExxonMobil completed a divestment of interests in shares of

Ruhrgas AG, a German gas transmission company. These shares were held in part by BEB Erdgas und Erdoel GmbH (BEB), an investment accounted for by the equity method, and in part by a consolidated affiliate in Germany. In 2002, cash in the amount of \$1,466 million was received from BEB and included in cash flows from operating activities. This cash from BEB was a loan and was part of a restructuring that enabled BEB to transfer its holdings in Ruhrgas AG provided regulatory approval was received. No income was recorded in 2002. In the first quarter of 2003, upon receipt of regulatory approvals, the Ruhrgas AG shares held by BEB were transferred, cash was received for the shares held by the consolidated affiliate and a one-time gain of \$1,700 million after tax was recognized in net income. The \$2,240 million reduction in 2003 cash flow from operating activities reflects the pre-tax gains from the transaction. The cash generated from these gains for the BEB portion of the transaction was reported in 2002. For the shares held by the consolidated affiliate, the cash received was reported in cash flows from investing activities in 2003.

Investing activities in 2004 used net cash of \$11,020 million compared to \$7,706 million in the prior year. Spending for additions to property, plant and equipment of \$8,579 million and proceeds from asset divestments of \$1,952 million were comparable to the respective amounts in the prior year. As discussed in note 4 to the condensed consolidated financial statements, investing activities in 2004 included a pledge in the second quarter by the corporation to the issuer of a litigation related appeal bond of collateral consisting of restricted cash and cash equivalents of \$4,602 million.

Net cash used in financing activities of \$11,707 million in the first nine months of 2004 compared to \$10,636 million in the 2003 period reflecting a higher level of purchases of ExxonMobil shares in the current year partially offset by the absence of debt reduction in the prior year.

Total cash and cash equivalents, including the \$4.6 billion of restricted cash, was \$20.7 billion at the end of the third quarter of 2004.

During the third quarter of 2004, the corporation purchased 65 million shares of its common stock for the treasury at a gross cost of \$3,010 million. Shares outstanding were reduced from 6,506 million at the end of the second quarter of 2004 to 6,451 million at the end of the third quarter. During the first nine months of 2004, the corporation purchased 157 million shares of its common stock for the treasury at a gross cost of \$6,910 million. These purchases were to offset shares issued in conjunction with company benefit plans and programs and to reduce the number of shares outstanding. Purchases may be made in both the open market and through negotiated transactions and may be increased, decreased or discontinued at any time without prior notice.

Total debt of \$10.1 billion at September 30, 2004 was \$0.6 billion higher than at year-end 2003. The corporation's debt to total capital ratio was 9.3 percent at the end of both the third quarter of 2004 and year-end 2003.

Although the corporation issues long-term debt from time to time and maintains a revolving commercial paper program, internally generated funds cover the majority of its financial requirements.

Litigation and other contingencies are discussed in note 4 to the unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements. There are no events or uncertainties known to management beyond those already included in reported financial information that would indicate a material change in future operating results or future financial condition.

The corporation, as part of its ongoing asset management program, continues to evaluate its mix of assets for potential upgrade. Because of the ongoing nature of this program, dispositions will continue to be made from time to time which will result in either gains or losses. On November 1, 2004 the corporation announced that its subsidiary, Esso Nederland B.V., had signed a Heads of Agreement (HOA) with the State of the Netherlands and Shell Nederland B.V. to restructure its interest in the Dutch gas transportation business. The HOA contains the principal terms and conditions under which Esso Nederland B.V. and Shell Nederland B.V. will agree to transfer their ownership share of 25 percent each in Gasunie's gas transportation business to the State of the Netherlands. The corporation's net compensation is expected to be 1.4 billion Euros. The final transaction remains subject to regulatory reviews. The pa rties intend to finalize the restructuring by mid-2005. It is anticipated that this restructuring will have a positive impact on the corporation's results.

TAXES

	Third Ç	Quarter	First Mont	
	<u>2004</u>	2003	2004	2003
		(millio	ns of dollars	5)
Taxes				
Income taxes	\$ 3,854	\$ 2,312	\$11,066	\$ 8,278
Excise taxes	7,045	5,900	19,975	17,627
All other taxes and duties	10,791	10,207	32,186	29,381
Total	\$21,690	\$18,419	\$63,227	\$55,286
Effective income tax rate	41.9%	6 40.3%	6 41.4%	6 38.5%

Income, excise and all other taxes for the third quarter of 2004 of \$21,690 million were up \$3,271 million compared to last year. In the third quarter of 2004 income tax expense was \$3,854 million and the effective income tax rate was 41.9 percent, compared to \$2,312 million and 40.3 percent, respectively, in the prior year period. Excise and all other taxes and duties were higher reflecting higher prices and foreign exchange effects.

Income, excise and all other taxes for the first nine months of 2004 of \$63,227 million were up \$7,941 million compared to last year. First nine months of 2004 income tax expense was \$11,066 million and the effective income tax rate was 41.4 percent, compared to \$8,278 million and 38.5 percent, respectively, in the prior year period. The effective income tax rate in the first nine months of 2004 was similar to the prior year, excluding the income tax effects of the gain on the Ruhrgas share transfer in the first quarter of 2003. During both years, the corporation continued to benefit from the favorable resolution of tax related issues. Excise and all other taxes and duties were higher reflecting higher prices and foreign exchange effects.

CAPITAL AND EXPLORATION EXPENDITURES

	Third (Quarter	First I Mont		
	<u>2004</u> <u>2003</u>		2004	<u>2003</u>	
		(millio	ns of dollars	s)	
Capital and exploration expenditures					
Upstream (including exploration expenses)	\$ 2,877	\$ 2,979	\$ 8,421	\$ 8,684	
Downstream	600	668	1,734	1,962	
Chemical	154	183	434	485	
Other	3	8	63	34	
Total	\$ 3,634	\$ 3,838	\$10,652	\$ 11,165	

In the third quarter, ExxonMobil continued its active investment program, spending \$3,634 million on capital and exploration projects, compared with \$3,838 million last year, reflecting continued strong levels of upstream spending.

Capital and exploration expenditures were \$10,652 million in the first nine months of 2004 compared to \$11,165 million in the prior year period.

In 2003, the corporation invested over \$15 billion in capital projects and exploration activities and expects to invest at a similar level for the next couple of years. ExxonMobil is pursuing all attractive opportunities with the same disciplined investment approach that has delivered results in the past.

EMERGING ISSUE RELATED TO ACCOUNTING FOR SUSPENDED WELL COSTS

At its September 29-30, 2004 meeting, the Emerging Issues Task Force (EITF) discussed Issue No. 04-9, "Accounting for Suspended Well Costs." FASB Statement No. 19 (FAS 19), "Financial Accounting and Reporting by Oil and Gas Producing Companies", requires costs of drilling exploratory wells to be capitalized pending determination of whether the well has found proved reserves. If the well has found proved reserves, the capitalized costs are included in wells, equipment, and facilities. If, however, the well has not found proved reserves, the capitalized costs of drilling the well are expensed, net of any salvage value, within one year except under certain specific circumstances. Questions have arisen in practice about the application of this guidance. The EITF agreed to remove this issue from the EITF agenda and requested that the FASB consider an amendment to FAS 19 to address this issue. &nb sp;The EITF recommended that the FASB amend FAS 19 to permit the continued capitalization of exploratory well costs beyond one year if (a) the well has found a sufficient quantity of reserves to justify its completion as a producing well and (b) the entity is making sufficient progress assessing the reserves and the economic and operating viability of the project.

ExxonMobil continues to carry as an asset the cost of drilling exploratory wells that find sufficient quantities of reserves to justify their completion as producing wells if the required capital expenditure is made and drilling of additional exploratory wells is under way or firmly planned for the near future. Once exploration activities demonstrate that sufficient quantities of commercially producible reserves have been discovered, continued capitalization is dependent on project reviews, which take place at least annually, to ensure that satisfactory progress toward ultimate development of the reserves is being achieved. Exploratory well costs not meeting these criteria are charged to expense. ExxonMobil does not believe that this issue will have a material impact on its financial statements.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements in this discussion relating to future plans, projections, events, or conditions are forward-looking statements. Actual results, including production growth and capital spending, could differ materially due to changes in long-term oil or gas prices or other changes in market conditions affecting the oil and gas industry; political events or disturbances; reservoir performance; changes in OPEC quotas; timely completion of development projects; changes in technical or operating conditions; and other factors including those discussed herein and under the heading "Factors Affecting Future Results" in Item 1 of ExxonMobil's 2003 Form 10-K.

EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION

Item 3. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Information about market risks for the nine months ended September 30, 2004, does not differ materially from that discussed under Item 7A of the registrant's Annual Report on Form 10-K for 2003.

Item 4. Controls and Procedures

As indicated in the certifications in Exhibit 31 of this report, the corporation's principal executive officer, principal accounting officer and principal financial officer have evaluated the corporation's disclosure controls and procedures as of September 30, 2004. Based on that evaluation, these officers have concluded that the corporation's disclosure controls and procedures are effective for the purpose of ensuring that material information required to be in this quarterly report is made known to them by others on a timely basis. There have not been changes in the corporation's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the corporation's last fiscal quarter that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect the corporation's internal control over financial reporting.

PART II. OTHER INFORMATION

Item 1. Legal Proceedings

In a previously reported matter, the United States Environmental Protection Agency ("EPA") formally withdrew its Notice of Violation issued on November 14, 2003 alleging that the corporation's Baytown refinery released for distribution a batch of conventional gasoline with a Reid vapor pressure (RVP) in excess of prescribed limits. The EPA accepted ExxonMobil's arguments, reversed its position on the merits, and determined that ExxonMobil had not violated the RVP standard. The letter of withdrawal was received from the EPA on September 28, 2004.

Regarding a previously reported matter, the corporation executed a settlement agreement with the Office of the Attorney General of the State of New York ("New York"), and a consent order was entered into, in September 2004, in the case "State of New York v. Mobil Business Resources Corporation f/k/a Mobil Administration Services, Inc. and Mobil Oil Corporation, f/k/a Socony Vacuum Oil Company." New York had alleged that petroleum was discharged from an underground storage tank at a corporation-owned Mobil service station in Mamaroneck, New York, and that the corporation failed to remediate and report the alleged spill. Pursuant to the settlement, the corporation paid \$250,000 in penalties in September, with another \$300,000 in penalties being suspended (payable only if the corporation fails to complete the remediation under the consent order). The total settlement value was \$3.65 million, including past remediation costs, interest and penalties.

In another previously reported matter, the corporation and the EPA have signed a consent decree in the case "U.S. v. Mobil Exploration & Producing U.S., Inc.". This case relates to the McElmo Creek and Ratherford production units in Utah, which are operated by the corporation and in which it has an interest. The EPA had alleged that the units had violated the Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasures Regulations and the Clean Water Act by reason of discharges of produced waters into navigable waters of the United States. Under the terms of the consent decree, the corporation has agreed to pay a penalty in the amount of \$515,000 (anticipated to be paid in fourth quarter 2004) and to undertake a supplemental

environmental project in the amount of \$327,000. The consent decree was entered in the U.S. District Court for Utah, Central Division, on September 29, 2004, following a 30-day comment period.

The EPA issued a complaint on August 13, 2004 (in the matter of ExxonMobil Chemical Company, Baytown, Texas), which arose out of a multimedia inspection conducted at the corporation's Baytown Chemical Plant (BTCP) in August 1999. The complaint alleges that the inspector identified three open-ended lines in the Paraxylene Adsorption Unit, one open-ended line in the Naptha Rerun Unit, and three open-ended lines in the Isobutylene Unit in violation of the Clean Air Act. The lines were all plugged prior to the conclusion of the inspection. The complaint also alleges that BTCP failed to timely submit two semi-annual reports for the Butyl Polymers Elastomer Product Process Unit. The complaint proposes a civil penalty of \$126,500. The corporation answered the complaint on October 25, 2004, generally denying the allegations pending further investigation. A meeting with EPA Region 6 is e xpected to be arranged in the near future to discuss resolution of the allegations.

Refer to the relevant portions of note 4 on pages 6 through 8 of this Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q for further information on legal proceedings.

Item 2. Changes in Securities and Use of Proceeds

ISSUER PURCHASE OF EQUITY SECURITIES FOR QUARTER ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2004

			Total Number of	Maximum Number
			Shares Purchased	of Shares that May
	Total Number	Average	as Part of Publicly	Yet Be Purchased
	of Shares	Price Paid	Announced Plans	Under the Plans
<u>Period</u>	<u>Purchased</u>	<u>per Share</u>	or Programs	or <u>Programs</u>
July, 2004	15,472,841	\$45.45	15,472,841	
August, 2004	24,335,496	\$45.36	24,335,496	
September, 2004	25,190,197	\$47.77	25,190,197	
Total	64,998,534	\$46.31	64,998,534	(See Note 1)

Note 1 -- On August 1, 2000, the corporation announced its intention to resume purchases of shares of its common stock for the treasury both to offset shares issued in conjunction with company benefit plans and programs and to gradually reduce the number of shares outstanding. The announcement did not specify an amount or expiration date. The corporation has continued to purchase shares since this announcement and to report purchased volumes in its quarterly earnings releases. Purchases may be made in both the open market and through negotiated transactions, and purchases may be increased, decreased or discontinued at any time without prior notice.

Item 6. Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K

a) Exhibits

- 10(iii)(c.2) 2004 Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Plan, July 28, 2004 resolution.
- 31.1 Certification (pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)) by Chief Executive Officer.
- 31.2 Certification (pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)) by Principal Accounting Officer.
- 31.3 Certification (pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)) by Principal Financial Officer.
- 32.1 Section 1350 Certification (pursuant to Sarbanes-Oxley Section 906) by Chief Executive Officer.
- 32.2 Section 1350 Certification (pursuant to Sarbanes-Oxley Section 906) by Principal Accounting Officer.
- 32.3 Section 1350 Certification (pursuant to Sarbanes-Oxley Section 906) by Principal Financial Officer.

b) Reports on Form 8-K

On July 29, 2004, the registrant filed a Current Report on Form 8-K furnishing under Item 9, and also pursuant to Item 12, its News Release, dated July 29, 2004, announcing second quarter results and the information in the related 2Q04 Investor Relations Data Summary.

On September 1, 2004, the registrant filed a Current Report on Form 8-K furnishing under Item 7.01 information about the intention of Harry J. Longwell, executive vice president and a director of Exxon Mobil Corporation, to retire.

On October 15, 2004, the registrant filed a Current Report on Form 8-K under Item 8.01 about a court ruling related to the Allapattah case.

On October 28, 2004, the registrant filed a Current Report on Form 8-K furnishing under Item 7.01, and also pursuant to Item 2.02, its News Release, dated October 28, 2004, announcing third quarter results and the information in the related 3Q04 Investor Relations Data Summary.

On November 1, 2004, the registrant filed a Current Report on Form 8-K under Item 8.01 announcing the restructuring of its interest in the Dutch gas transportation business.

Reports listed above as "furnished" under Items 9 and 12 and Items 2.02 and 7.01 are not deemed "filed" with the SEC and are not incorporated by reference herein or in any other SEC filings.

EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION

SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized.

EXXON MOBIL CORPORATION

Date: November 8, 2004

By: /s/ Patrick T. Mulva

Name: Patrick T. Mulva

Title: Vice President, Controller and Principal Accounting Officer

INDEX TO EXHIBITS

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32.3	Section 1350 Certification (pursuant to Sarbanes-Oxley Section 906) by Principal Financial Officer.

Exhibit

Description

STATE OF TEXAS §
COUNTY OF DALLAS §

I, the undersigned, an Assistant Secretary of Exxon Mobil Corporation, HEREBY CERTIFY, that the following is a true copy of resolutions adopted at a meeting of the Board of Directors of Exxon Mobil Corporation, incorporated under the laws of New Jersey, duly called and held at 5959 Las Colinas Blvd., Irving, Texas, on July 28, 2004, at which a quorum was present and voting; and that said resolutions are now in full force and effect:

"RESOLVED, that, in accordance with Section VI of the Corporation's 2004 Non-Employee Director Restricted Stock Plan (the "Plan"):

- (a) Each person who becomes a non-employee director for the first time after the date of this resolution shall be automatically granted an award of eight thousand (8,000) shares of restricted stock subject to the terms and conditions specified in the Plan, effective as of the date such person becomes a non-employee director; and
- (b) Commencing with the year 2005, each incumbent non-employee director shall be automatically granted an award of four thousand (4,000) shares of restricted stock subject to the terms and conditions specified in the Plan, effective as of the first trading day of each year.

FURTHER RESOLVED, that the foregoing resolution shall remain in effect until modified or rescinded by further action of the Board of Directors."

WITNESS my hand and seal of the Corporation at Irving, Texas, this 28th day of July, 2004.

/s/ M. K. Ivey_

Name: M. K. Ivey

Title: Assistant Secretary

Certification by Lee R. Raymond Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)

I, Lee R. Raymond, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exxon Mobil Corporation;
- 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) [Paragraph omitted pursuant to SEC Release Nos. 33-8238 and 34-47986]
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 8, 2004

/s/ Lee R. Raymond Lee R. Raymond Chief Executive Officer

Certification by Patrick T. Mulva Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)

- I, Patrick T. Mulva, certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exxon Mobil Corporation;
 - 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 - 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) [Paragraph omitted pursuant to SEC Release Nos. 33-8238 and 34-47986]
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
 - 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 8, 2004

/s/ Patrick T. Mulva
Patrick T. Mulva
Vice President and Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)

Certification by Donald D. Humphreys Pursuant to Securities Exchange Act Rule 13a-14(a)

- I, Donald D. Humphreys, certify that:
 - 1. I have reviewed this quarterly report on Form 10-Q of Exxon Mobil Corporation;
 - 2. Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
 - 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
 - 4. The registrant's other certifying officers and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) for the registrant and have:
 - (a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - (b) [Paragraph omitted pursuant to SEC Release Nos. 33-8238 and 34-47986]
 - (c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - (d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter (the registrant's fourth fiscal quarter in the case of an annual report) that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
 - 5. The registrant's other certifying officers and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors (or persons performing the equivalent functions):
 - (a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - (b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: November 8, 2004

/s/ Donald D. Humphreys
Donald D. Humphreys
Vice President and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

Certification of Periodic Financial Report Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

For purposes of 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned, Lee R. Raymond, the chief executive officer of Exxon Mobil Corporation (the "Company"), hereby certifies that, to his knowledge:

- (i) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended September 30, 2004, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 8, 2004

/s/ Lee R. Raymond Lee R. Raymond Chief Executive Officer

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Exxon Mobil Corporation and will be retained by Exxon Mobil Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Certification of Periodic Financial Report Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

For purposes of 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned, Patrick T. Mulva, the principal accounting officer of Exxon Mobil Corporation (the "Company"), hereby certifies that, to his knowledge:

- (i) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended September 30, 2004, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 8, 2004

/s/ Patrick T. Mulva
Patrick T. Mulva
Vice President and Controller
(Principal Accounting Officer)

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Exxon Mobil Corporation and will be retained by Exxon Mobil Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.

Certification of Periodic Financial Report Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350

For purposes of 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as adopted pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, the undersigned, Donald D. Humphreys, the principal financial officer of Exxon Mobil Corporation (the "Company"), hereby certifies that, to his knowledge:

- (i) the Quarterly Report on Form 10-Q of the Company for the quarter ended September 30, 2004, as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission on the date hereof (the "Report") fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934; and
- (ii) the information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

Date: November 8, 2004

/s/ Donald D. Humphreys
Donald D. Humphreys
Vice President and Treasurer
(Principal Financial Officer)

A signed original of this written statement required by Section 906 has been provided to Exxon Mobil Corporation and will be retained by Exxon Mobil Corporation and furnished to the Securities and Exchange Commission or its staff upon request.